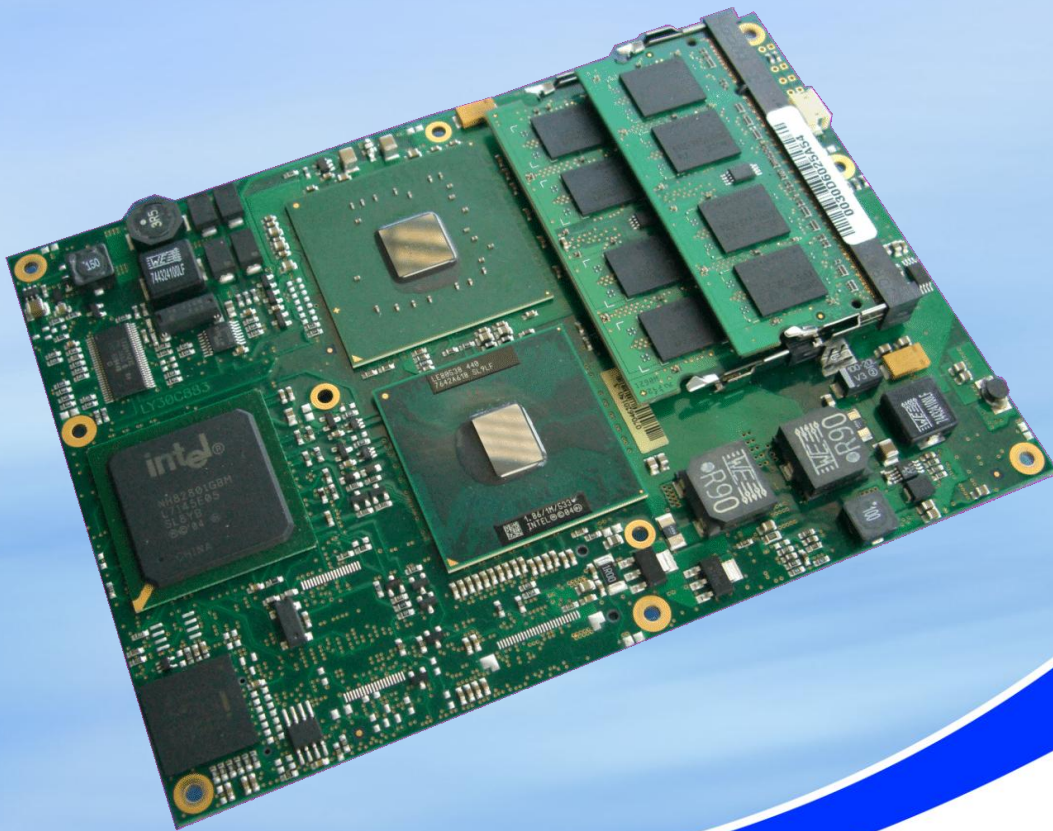


# User's Manual



**MSC CXE-CD945**

**MSC COM Express™ Extended Module**

Rev. 0.5

Februar 8th , 2010



**MICROCOMPUTERS · SYSTEMS · COMPONENTS · VERTRIEBS GMBH**

*... embedding excellence*

## Preface

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# 1 General Information

## 1.1 Revision History

Rev.	Date	Description
0.1, 0.2	2007-08-23	Initial version (wst)
0.3	2008-03-20	Preface added
0.4	2010-02-02	Bios chapter updated
0.5	2010-02-08	Updated PCI Resource Table

## 1.2 Reference Documents

- [1] COM Express Module Base Specification  
COM Express Revision 1.0  
Last update: July 10<sup>th</sup>, 2005
- [2] PCI Local Bus Specification Rev. 2.1  
PCI21.PDF  
Last update: June 1<sup>st</sup>, 1995  
<http://www.pcisig.com>
- [3] ATA/ATAPI-6 Specification  
d1410r3b.pdf  
<http://www.t13.org/>
- [4] Serial ATA Specification  
Serial ATA 1.0 gold.pdf  
Last update: August 29<sup>th</sup>, 2002 Rev.1.0  
<http://www.sata-io.org/>
- [5] IEEE Std. 802.3-2002  
802.3-2002.pdf  
<http://www.ieee.org>
- [6] Universal Bus Specification  
usb\_20.pdf  
Last update: April 27<sup>th</sup>, 2000  
<http://www.usb.org>

## 1.3 Introduction

COM Express™, an open specification of the PICMG (PCI Industrial Computer Manufacturer Group), is a module concept to bring PCI Express and other latest technologies like SATA, USB 2.0 and LVDS on a COM (Computer On Module).

A COM Express™ module is plugged onto an application-specific base board similar to the ETX concept, but offers more options and a growth path to future CPU technologies. Utilizing different sizes, COM Express™ can be used for highly embedded solutions up to high performance platforms.

The design of the MSC CXE-CD945 module supports the dual core CPU technology enabling you to boost your embedded application to highest performance levels. For low power requirements we also support the LV-version in a single core configuration.

For evaluation and design-in of the COM Express™ modules we provide evaluation baseboards and develop motherboards providing the interface infrastructure for the COM Express™ module offering PC type connectors for external access.

Two module sizes are defined: the Basic Module and the Extended Module. The primary difference between the Basic Module and the Extended Module is the over-all physical size and the performance envelope supported by each. The Extended Module is larger and can support larger processor and memory solutions. The Basic Module and Extended Module use the same connectors and pin-outs and utilize several common mounting hole positions. This level of compatibility allows that a carrier board designed to accommodate an Extended Module can also support a Basic Module.

The MSC CXE-CD945 is a COM Express Extended Module.

Up to 440 pins of connectivity are available between COM Express™ modules and the Carrier Board. Legacy buses such as PCI, parallel ATA, LPC, AC'97 are supported as well as new high speed serial interconnects such as PCI Express, Serial ATA and Gigabit Ethernet.

To enhance interoperability between COM Express™ modules and Carrier Boards, five common signalling configurations (Pin-out Types) have been defined to ease system integration.

## 2 Technical Description

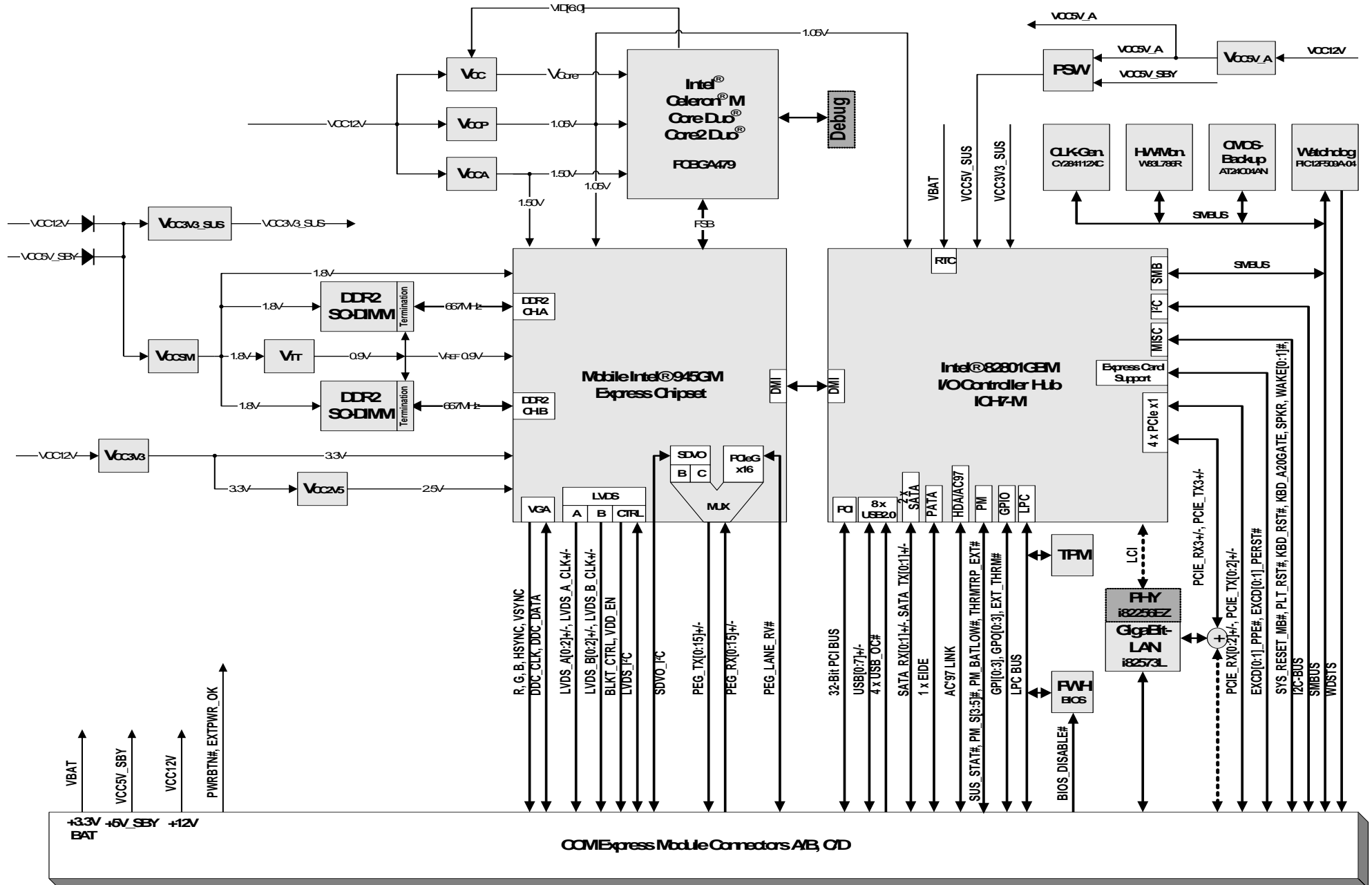
### 2.1 Key features

The MSC 945GM COM Express Extended module is designed as a type 2 module.

Key features include

- Module size: 155 mm x 110 mm
- 40 mm 'z' height with fanless cooling solution (see 2.8 , 5 mm stack option)
- 52 mm 'z' height with cooling solution with fan (see 2.8 , 5 mm stack option)
- Dual 220 pin connector (440 pins)
- 2 DDR2 SO-DIMM modules (dual channel memory)
- 8 USB 2.0 ports; 4 shared over-current lines
- 2 Serial ATA or SAS ports
- 4 PCI Express x1 lanes
- Support pins for up to 2 ExpressCards
- One dual 24-bit LVDS channel
- Analog VGA
- AC '97 / High definition digital audio interface (external CODEC)
- Single Ethernet interface with integrated PHY (Gigabit Ethernet option available)
- LPC interface
- 8 GPIO pins
- +12V primary power supply input
- +5V standby and 3.3V RTC power supply inputs
- 32 bit PCI interface
- IDE port (to support legacy ATA devices such as CD-ROM drives and Compact Flash storage cards)
- 20 PCI Express lanes (4 on A-B and 16 on C-D)
- 16 of 20 PCI Express lanes used for PCI Express Graphics
- SDVO option (pins shared with PCI Express Graphics)
- TPM module (option, TPM 1.2, SLB9635)

## 2.2 Block diagram



## 2.3 COM Express implementation

COM Express™ required and optional features of pin-out type 2 are summarized in the following table. The features identified as Minimum (Min.) **shall** be implemented by all modules. Features identified up to Maximum (Max) **may** be additionally implemented by a module.

The column MSC 945GM shows the implemented features of the MSC module:

	Type 2	MSC 945GM	Note
	Min / Max		
<b>System I/O</b>			
PCI Express Graphics (PEG)	0 / 1	1	signals are multiplexed with SDVO signals
PCI Express Lanes 0 - 5	2 / 6	4 x1	one lane optionally reserved for GBit LAN
PCI Express Lanes 16-31	0 / 16	1 x16	off-module x16 PCI Express Graphics
(same as PEG pins)			
SDVO Channels	0 / 2	2	signals are multiplexed with PEG signals
LVDS Channels	0 / 2	2	1x dual channel, 2x24 Bit
VGA Port	0 / 1	1	
TV-Out	0 / 1	0	not implemented
PATA Port	1 / 1	1	
SATA Ports	2 / 4	4	
AC'97 Digital Interface	0 / 1	1	AC97 or High Definition Audio
USB 2.0 Ports	4 / 8	8	
LAN 0 (10/100Base-T min)	1 / 1	1	GBit option available
PCI Bus - 32 Bit	1 / 1	1	
Express Card Support	1 / 2	1	
LPC Bus	1 / 1	1	
System Management			
General Purpose Inputs	4 / 4	4	
General Purpose Outputs	4 / 4	4	

SMBus	1 / 1	1	
I2C	1 / 1	1	
Watch Dog Timer	0 / 1	1	
Speaker Out	1 / 1	1	
External BIOS ROM support	0 / 1	1	
Reset Functions	1 / 1	1	
Power Management			
Thermal Protection	0 / 1	1	
Battery Low Alarm	0 / 1	1	
Suspend	0 / 1	1	
Wake	0 / 2	2	
Power Button Support	1 / 1	1	
Power Good	1 / 1	1	
TPM	0 / 0	1	optional TPM 1.2 module

## 2.4 Functional units

<b>CPUs</b>	Intel® Celeron® M 440 (Yonah, 1.86 GHz, FSB 533MHz, 479µFCBGA)  Intel® Core™ Duo L2400 (Yonah, Low Voltage, 1.66 GHz, FSB 667MHz, 479µFCBGA)  Intel® Core™ 2 Duo L7400 (Merom, 1.5 GHz, FSB 667MHz, 479µFCBGA)
<b>Chipset</b>	Intel® 82945GM GMCH (Graphics Memory Controller Hub)  Intel® ICH7-M I/O Controller Hub
<b>Memory</b>	Dual channel architecture for best performance  2 200-pin SO-DIMM sockets for up to a total of 4GB DDR2 SDRAM  PC2-4200 (DDR533, Celeron M) or PC2-5300 (DDR667, Core™ Duo ) DDR2 SO-DIMM modules (max. height 1250mil = 31.75mm)
<b>SATA</b>	2 SATA-2 channels up to 300MB/s each
<b>EIDE</b>	1 Enhanced IDE port ATA/UDMA100
<b>USB</b>	8 x USB 2.0
<b>COM Express™</b>	Type 2 interface, fully compliant
<b>PCI Express™</b>	Four channels, PCIe x1, one channel shared with GBit Ethernet option

<b>PCI</b>	32 Bit standard interface
<b>LPC</b>	Low Pincount Bus for heritage interfaces
<b>Graphics Controller</b>	Intel® Graphics Media Accelerator 950 (integrated in Intel® 945GM chipset)
<b>Video Memory</b>	UMA, up to 224 MB
<b>LCD Interface</b>	LVDS 2x24Bit, dual channel, max. resolution 1.600 x 1.200
<b>SDVO Interface</b>	2 independent SDVO interfaces (SDVOB, SDVOC) or external PCIe x16 graphics (multiplexed by Intel® Graphics Media Accelerator 950)
<b>CRT Interface</b>	max. resolution 2.048 x 1.536
<b>Ethernet</b>	10/100Base-TX (Intel® 82562EZ) controller or 10/100/1000Base-TX (Intel® 82573E)
<b>Sound Interface</b>	AC97 / High Definition Audio Interface
<b>Watchdog Timer</b>	PIC12C509A Creates system reset (programmable, 1s ... 255h)
<b>TPM (option)</b>	Optional TPM module, TPM 1.2, SLB9635
<b>Fan Supply</b>	3-pin header (12V)
<b>Real Time Clock (RTC)</b>	integrated in ICH7-M
<b>Battery</b>	External
<b>System Monitoring</b>	Voltage , Temperature , Fan <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Core voltage</li> <li>▪ 3.3V</li> <li>▪ 1.5V</li> <li>▪ 0.9V</li> <li>▪ 2.5V</li> <li>▪ CPU thermal diode</li> </ul>

## 2.5 Power Supply

### +12V primary power supply input

### +5V standby

Option, is not required for module operation.

If not present, there is no support for power management states and ATX power supply functionality.

### 3.3V RTC power supply

Option, is not required for module operation.

BIOS SETUP data is stored in a non volatile backup memory device (EEPROM), therefore configuration data will not get lost during power off (except for time and date information)

Voltage	Input range	Current
+12V	+11.4V - 12.6 V	See next table
+5V Standby	+4.75V - 5.25 V	tbd
+3V RTC power supply	+2.0V - 3.3V	max. 6 $\mu$ A

## 2.6 Power dissipation

### DOS Prompt, 2x 512MB DDR2 SO-DIMM

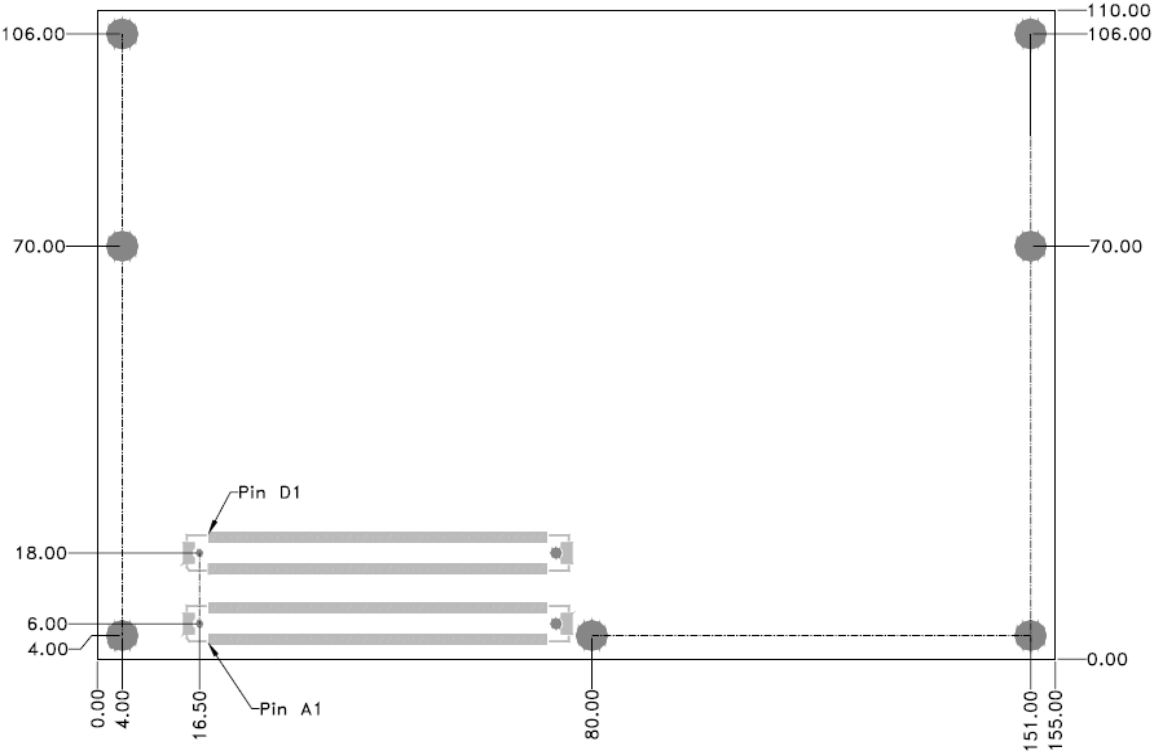
Module (CPU)	Voltage (V)	Watt (typ.)
Intel® Celeron® M 440 (Yonah, 1,86 GHz)	+12V	16 W
Intel® Core™ Duo L2400 (Yonah, Low Voltage, 1.66 GHz)	+12V	18 W
Intel® Core™ 2 Duo L7400 (Merom, Low Voltage 1,5 GHz)	+12V	19 W

### INTEL Thermal Analysis Tool (TAT 2.05) , 80% workload, all cores active

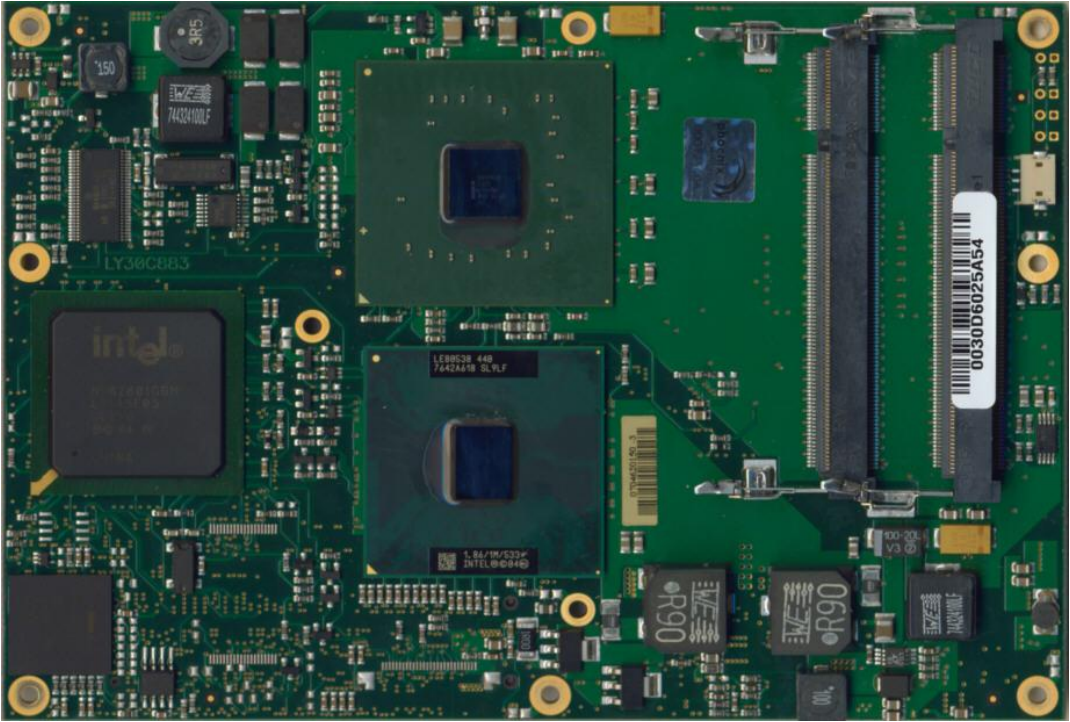
Module (CPU)	Voltage (V)	Watt (typ.)
Intel® Celeron® M 440 (Yonah, 1,86 GHz)	+12V	20.4 W
Intel® Core™ Duo L2400 (Yonah, Low Voltage, 1.66 GHz)	+12V	26.2 W
Intel® Core™ 2 Duo L7400 (Merom, Low Voltage 1,5 GHz)	+12V	26.5 W

## 2.7 Mechanical Dimensions

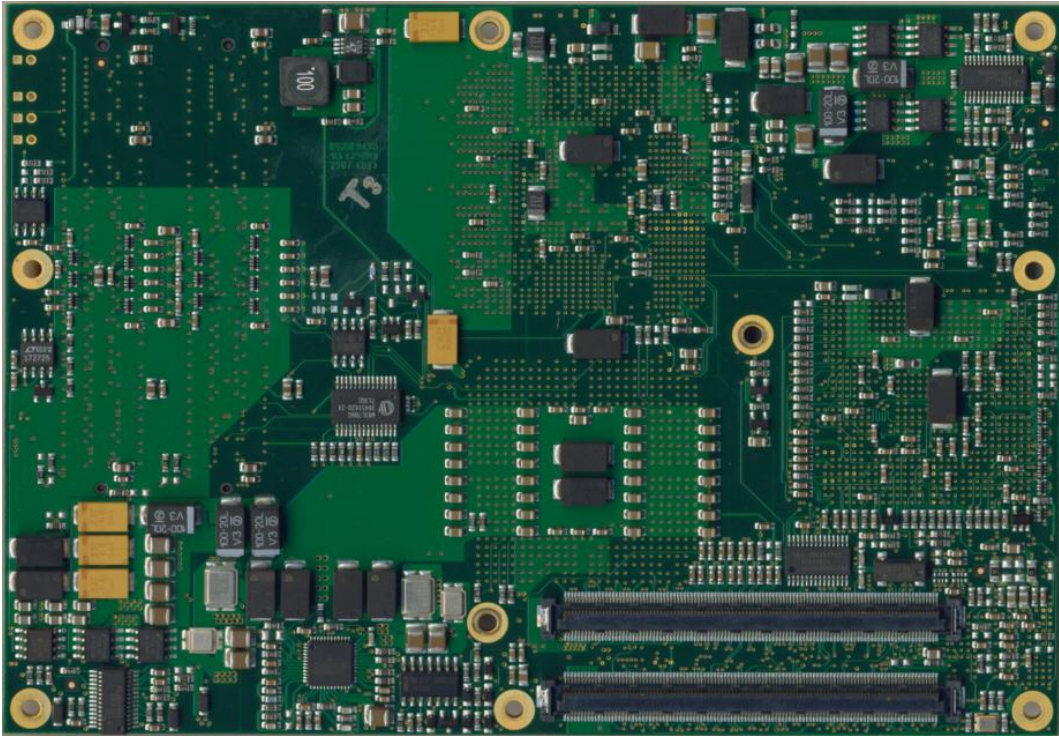
### Extended Module



### MSC CXE CD945 Top view

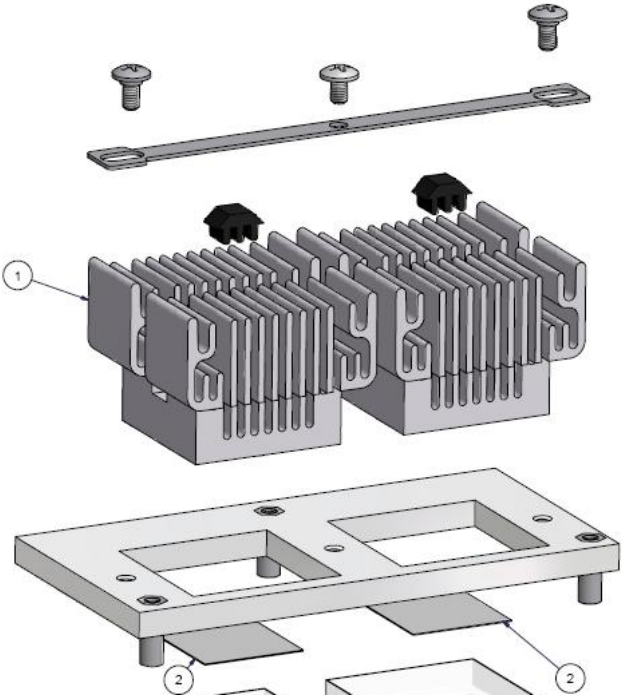
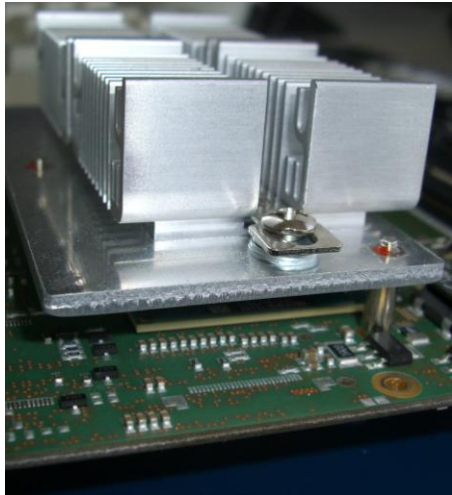
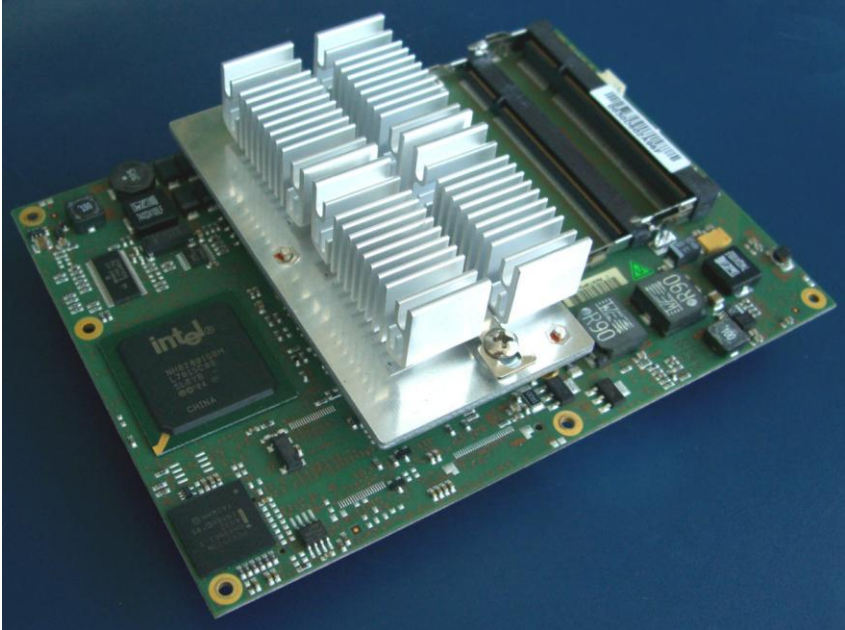


MSC CXE CD945 Bottom view

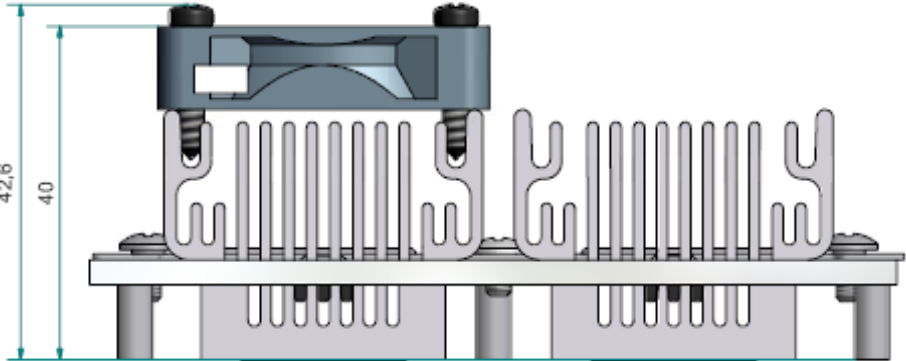


## 2.8 Cooling solution

A special cooling solution is available for the CXE CD945 module.



optional with fan :



## 2.9 Signal description

Pins are marked in the following tables with the power rail associated with the pin, and for input and I/O pins, with the input voltage tolerance. The pin power rail and the pin input voltage tolerance **may** be different. For example, the PCI group is defined as having a 3.3V power rail, meaning that the output signals will only be driven to 3.3V, but the pins are tolerant of 5V signals.

An additional label, "Suspend" indicates that the pin is active during suspend states (S3,S4,S5). If suspend modes are used, then care must be taken to avoid loading signals that are active during suspend to avoid excessive suspend mode current draw.

Signals with a # symbol at the end indicate that their active state is a low voltage level . Signals names without # are asserted active when their voltage level is high.

### 2.9.1 AC97 Audio / High Definition Audio

AC97 Audio / High Definition Audio	Pin Type	Pwr Rail / Tolerance	Description	MSC 945GM device
AC_RST#	O CMOS	3.3V /3.3V Suspend	Reset output to AC97 CODEC, active low.	ICH7-M
AC_SYNC	O CMOS	3.3V /3.3V	48kHz fixed-rate, sample-synchronization signal to the CODEC(s).	ICH7-M
AC_BITCLK	I/O CMOS	3.3V/ 3.3V	12.228 MHz serial data clock generated by the external CODEC(s).	ICH7-M
AC_SDOUT	O CMOS	3.3V/ 3.3V	Serial TDM data output to the CODEC.	ICH7-M
AC_SDIN[0:2]	I CMOS	3.3V/ 3.3V Suspend	Serial TDM data inputs from up to 3 CODECs.	ICH7-M

### 2.9.2 Ethernet

(Gigabit) Ethernet	Pin Type	Pwr Rail / Tolerance	Description	MSC 945GM device																								
GBE0_MDI[0:3]+ GBE0_MDI[0:3]-	I/O Analog	3.3V max Suspend	Gigabit Ethernet Controller 0: Media Dependent Interface Differential Pairs 0,1,2,3. The MDI can operate in 1000, 100 and 10 Mbit / sec modes. Some pairs are unused in some modes, per the following:  <table style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto; border: none;"> <tr> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">82573</td> <td style="text-align: center;">82562</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">1000BASE-T</td> <td style="text-align: center;">100BASE-TX</td> <td style="text-align: center;">10BASE-T</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MDI[0]+/-</td> <td>B1_DA+/-</td> <td>TX+/-</td> <td>TX+/-</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MDI[1]+/-</td> <td>B1_DB+/-</td> <td>RX+/-</td> <td>RX+/-</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MDI[2]+/-</td> <td>B1_DC+/-</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>MDI[3]+/-</td> <td>B1_DD+/-</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </table>		82573	82562			1000BASE-T	100BASE-TX	10BASE-T	MDI[0]+/-	B1_DA+/-	TX+/-	TX+/-	MDI[1]+/-	B1_DB+/-	RX+/-	RX+/-	MDI[2]+/-	B1_DC+/-			MDI[3]+/-	B1_DD+/-			Depends on LAN option, 82573 or 82562
	82573	82562																										
	1000BASE-T	100BASE-TX	10BASE-T																									
MDI[0]+/-	B1_DA+/-	TX+/-	TX+/-																									
MDI[1]+/-	B1_DB+/-	RX+/-	RX+/-																									
MDI[2]+/-	B1_DC+/-																											
MDI[3]+/-	B1_DD+/-																											

GBE0_ACT#	OD CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V Suspend	Gigabit Ethernet Controller 0 activity indicator, active low.	82573 / 82562
GBE0_LINK#	OD CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V Suspend	Gigabit Ethernet Controller 0 link indicator, active low.	82573 / 82562
GBE0_LINK1 00#	OD CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V Suspend	Gigabit Ethernet Controller 0 100 Mbit / sec link indicator, active low.	82573 / 82562
GBE0_LINK1 000#	OD CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V Suspend	Gigabit Ethernet Controller 0 1000 Mbit / sec link indicator, active low.	82573 / 82562
GBE0_CTRF	REF	GND min 3.3V max	82562 ( 100MBit) : floating 82573 (1000MBit) : 2,5V	82573 / 82562

### 2.9.3 IDE

IDE	Pin Type	Pwr Rail / Tolerance	Description	MSC 945GM device
IDE_D[0:15]	I/O CMOS	3.3V / 5V	Bidirectional data to / from IDE device.	ICH7-M
IDE_A[0:2]	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	Address lines to IDE device.	ICH7-M
IDE_IOW#	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	I/O write line to IDE device. Data latched on trailing (rising) edge.	ICH7-M
IDE_IOR#	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	I/O read line to IDE device.	ICH7-M
IDE_REQ	I CMOS	3.3V / 5V	IDE Device DMA Request. It is asserted by the IDE device to request a data transfer.	ICH7-M
IDE_ACK#	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	IDE Device DMA Acknowledge.	ICH7-M
IDE_CS1#	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	IDE Device Chip Select for 1F0h to 1FFh range.	ICH7-M
IDE_CS3#	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	IDE Device Chip Select for 3F0h to 3FFh range.	ICH7-M
IDE_IORDY	I CMOS	3.3V / 5V	IDE device I/O ready input. Pulled low by the IDE device to extend the cycle.	ICH7-M
IDE_RESET#	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	Reset output to IDE device, active low.	ICH7-M
IDE_IRQ	I CMOS	3.3V / 5V	Interrupt request from IDE device.	ICH7-M
IDE_CBLID#	I CMOS	3.3V / 5V	Input from off-module hardware indicating the type of IDE cable being used. High indicates a 40-pin cable used for legacy IDE modes. Low indicates that an 80-pin cable with interleaved grounds is used. Such a cable is required for Ultra-DMA 66, 100 and 133 modes.	ICH7-M

## 2.9.4 Serial ATA

Serial ATA	Pin Type	Pwr Rail / Tolerance	Description	MSC 945GM device
SATA0_TX+	O	AC coupled	Serial ATA or SAS Channel 0 transmit differential pair.	ICH7-M
SATA0_TX-	SATA	on module		
SATA0_RX+	I	AC coupled	Serial ATA or SAS Channel 0 receive differential pair.	ICH7-M
SATA0_RX-	SATA	on module		
SATA1_TX+	O	AC coupled	Serial ATA or SAS Channel 1 transmit differential pair.	ICH7-M
SATA1_TX-	SATA	on module		
SATA1_RX+	I	AC coupled	Serial ATA or SAS Channel 1 receive differential pair.	ICH7-M
SATA1_RX-	SATA	on module		
SATA2_TX+	O	AC coupled	Serial ATA or SAS Channel 2 transmit differential pair.	not supported
SATA2_TX-	SATA	on module		
SATA2_RX+	I	AC coupled	Serial ATA or SAS Channel 2 receive differential pair.	not supported
SATA2_RX-	SATA	on module		
SATA3_TX+	O	AC coupled	Serial ATA or SAS Channel 3 transmit differential pair.	not supported
SATA3_TX-	SATA	on module		
SATA3_RX+	I	AC coupled	Serial ATA or SAS Channel 3 receive differential pair.	not supported
SATA3_RX-	SATA	on module		
ATA_ACT#	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	ATA (parallel and serial) or SAS activity indicator, active low.	ICH7-M  (SATALED#)

## 2.9.5 PCI Express Lanes x1

PCI Express Lanes (Gen. Purpose)	Pin Type	Pwr Rail / Tolerance	Description	MSC 945GM device
PCIE_TX[0:3]+ PCIE_TX[0:3]-	O PCIE	AC coupled on module	PCI Express Differential Transmit Pairs 0 through 3 (0 through 2 with GigaBit Option)	ICH7-M
PCIE_RX[0:3]+ PCIE_RX[0:3]-	I PCIE	AC coupled off module	PCI Express Differential Receive Pairs 0 through 3 (0 through 2 with GigaBit Option)	ICH7-M
PCIE_TX[4:5]+	O	AC coupled	PCI Express Differential Transmit Pairs 4 through 5	not supported
PCIE_TX[4:5]-	PCIE	on module		not supported
PCIE_RX[4:5]+	I	AC coupled	PCI Express Differential Receive Pairs 4 through 5	not supported
PCIE_RX[4:5]-	PCIE	off module		not supported
PCIE_TX[16:31]+ PCIE_TX[16:31]-	O PCIE	AC coupled on module	PCI Express Differential Transmit Pairs 16 through 31 These are same lines as PEG_TX[0:15]+ and -	945GM GMCH
PCIE_RX[16:31] + PCIE_RX[16:31]-	I PCIE	AC coupled off module	PCI Express Differential Receive Pairs 16 through 31 These are the same lines as PEG_RX[0:15]+ and -	945GM GMCH
PCIE_CLK_REF + PCIE_CLK_REF-	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	Reference clock output for all PCI Express and PCI Express Graphics lanes.	CY28411

## 2.9.6 PCI Express Lanes x16

PCI Express Lanes	Pin Type	Pwr Rail / Tolerance	Description	MSC 945GM device
<b>x16 Graphics</b>				
PEG_TX[0:15]+ PEG_TX[0:15]-	O PCIE	AC coupled on module	PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs. Some of these are multiplexed with SDVO lines (see SDVO section). These are the same lines as PCIE_TX[16:31]+ and - in module pin-out types 4 and 5.	945GM GMCH
PEG_RX[0:15]+ PEG_RX[0:15]-	I PCIE	AC coupled off module	PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs. Some of these are multiplexed with SDVO lines (see SDVO section). These are the same lines as PCIE_RX[16:31]+ and - in module pin-out types 4 and 5.	945GM GMCH

PEG_LANE_RV#	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PCI Express Graphics lane reversal input strap. Pull low on the carrier board to reverse lane order. Be aware that the SDVO lines that share this interface do not necessarily reverse order if this strap is low.	945GM GMCH (CFG9)
PEG_ENABLE#	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	Strap to enable PCI Express x16 external graphics interface. Pull low to disable internal graphics and enable the x16 interface.	ICH7-M (GPI3)

## 2.9.7 Express Card Support

ExpressCard Support	Pin Type	Pwr Rail / Tolerance	Description	MSC 945GM device
EXCD[0]_CPPE# I	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PCI ExpressCard: PCI Express capable card request, active low, one per card	ICH7-M
EXCD[1]_CPPE# I	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PCI ExpressCard: PCI Express capable card request, active low, one per card	not supported
EXCD[0]_RST#	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PCI ExpressCard: reset, active low, one per card	ICH7-M
EXCD[1]_RST#	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PCI ExpressCard: reset, active low, one per card	not supported

## 2.9.8 PCI Bus

PCI Bus	Pin Type	Pwr Rail / Tolerance	Description	MSC 945GM device
PCI_AD[0:31]	I/O CMOS	3.3V / 5V	PCI bus multiplexed address and data lines	ICH7-M
PCI_C/BE[0:3]#	I/O CMOS	3.3V / 5V	PCI bus byte enable lines, active low	ICH7-M
PCI_DEVSEL#	I/O CMOS	3.3V / 5V	PCI bus Device Select, active low.	ICH7-M
PCI_FRAME#	I/O CMOS	3.3V / 5V	PCI bus Frame control line, active low.	ICH7-M
PCI_IRDY#	I/O CMOS	3.3V / 5V	PCI bus Initiator Ready control line, active low.	ICH7-M
PCI_TRDY#	I/O CMOS	3.3V / 5V	PCI bus Target Ready control line, active low.	ICH7-M
PCI_STOP#	I/O CMOS	3.3V / 5V	PCI bus STOP control line, active low, driven by cycle initiator.	ICH7-M
PCI_PAR	I/O CMOS	3.3V / 5V	PCI bus parity	ICH7-M
PCI_PERR#	I/O CMOS	3.3V / 5V	Parity Error: An external PCI device drives PERR# when it receives data that has a parity error.	ICH7-M
PCI_REQ[0:3]#	I CMOS	3.3V / 5V	PCI bus master request input lines, active low.	ICH7-M
PCI_GNT[0:3]#	O CMOS	3.3V / 5V	PCI bus master grant output lines, active low.	ICH7-M
PCI_RESET#	O CMOS	3.3V / 5V Suspend	PCI Reset output, active low.	ICH7-M

PCI Bus	Pin Type	Pwr Rail / Tolerance	Description	MSC 945GM device
PCI_LOCK#	I/O CMOS	3.3V / 5V	PCI Lock control line, active low.	ICH7-M
PCI_SERR#	I/O OD CMOS	3.3V / 5V	System Error: SERR# may be pulsed active by any PCI device that detects a system error condition.	ICH7-M
PCI_PME#	I CMOS	3.3V / 5V Suspend	PCI Power Management Event: PCI peripherals drive PME# to wake system from low-power states S1–S5.	ICH7-M
PCI_CLKRUN#	I/O CMOS	3.3V / 5V	Bidirectional pin used to support PCI clock run protocol for mobile systems.	ICH7-M
PCI_IRQ[A:D]#	I CMOS	3.3V / 5V	PCI interrupt request lines.	ICH7-M
PCI_CLK	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PCI 33MHz clock output.	ICH7-M
PCI_M66EN	I CMOS	3.3V / 5V	Module input signal indicates whether an off-module PCI device is capable of 66MHz operation. Pulled to GND by Carrier Board device or by Slot Card if the devices are NOT capable of 66 MHz operation.  If the module is not capable of supporting 66 MHz PCI operation, this input may be a no-connect on the module.  If the module is capable of supporting 66 MHz PCI operation, and if this input is held low by the Carrier Board, the module PCI interface shall operate at 33 MHz.	not supported

## 2.9.9 USB

USB	Pin Type	Pwr Rail / Tolerance	Description	MSC 945GM device
USB[0:7]+ USB[0:7]-	I/O USB	3.3V / 3.3V Suspend	USB differential pairs, channels 0 through 7	ICH7-M
USB_0_1_OC#	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V Suspend	USB over-current sense, USB channels 0 and 1. A pull-up for this line is present on the module. An open drain driver from a USB current monitor on the Carrier Board may drive this line low. Do not pull this line high on the Carrier Board.	ICH7-M
USB_2_3_OC#	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V Suspend	USB over-current sense, USB channels 2 and 3. A pull-up for this line is present on the module. An open drain driver from a USB current monitor on the Carrier Board may drive this line low. Do not pull this line high on the Carrier Board.	ICH7-M
USB_4_5_OC#	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V Suspend	USB over-current sense, USB channels 4 and 5. A pull-up for this line is present on the module. An open drain driver from a USB current monitor on the Carrier Board may drive this line low. Do not pull this line high on the Carrier Board.	ICH7-M
USB_6_7_OC#	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V Suspend	USB over-current sense, USB channels 6 and 7. A pull-up for this line is present on the module. An open drain driver from a USB current monitor on the Carrier Board may drive this line low. Do not pull this line high on the Carrier Board.	ICH7-M

## 2.9.10 LVDS Flat Panel

LVDS Flat Panel	Pin Type	Pwr Rail / Tolerance	Description	MSC 945GM device
LVDS_A[0:3]+ LVDS_A[0:3]-	O LVDS		LVDS Channel A differential pairs	945GM GMCH
LVDS_A_CK+ LVDS_A_CK-	O LVDS		LVDS Channel A differential clock	945GM GMCH
LVDS_B[0:3]+ LVDS_B[0:3]-	O LVDS		LVDS Channel B differential pairs	945GM GMCH
LVDS_B_CK+ LVDS_B_CK-	O LVDS		LVDS Channel B differential clock	945GM GMCH
LVDS_VDD_EN	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	LVDS panel power enable	945GM GMCH
LVDS_BKLT_EN	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	LVDS panel backlight enable	945GM GMCH

LVDS_BKLT_CTL	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	LVDS panel backlight brightness control	945GM GMCH
LVDS_I2C_CLK	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	I2C clock output for LVDS display use	945GM GMCH
LVDS_I2C_DAT	I/O OD CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	I2C data line for LVDS display use	945GM GMCH

### 2.9.11 LPC Bus

LPC Interface	Pin Type	Pwr Rail / Tolerance	Description	MSC 945GM device
LPC_AD[0:3]	I/O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	LPC multiplexed address, command and data bus	ICH7-M
LPC_FRAME#	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	LPC frame indicates the start of an LPC cycle	ICH7-M
LPC_DRQ[0:1]#	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	LPC serial DMA request	ICH7-M
LPC_SERIRQ	I/O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	LPC serial interrupt	ICH7-M
LPC_CLK	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	LPC clock output - 33MHz nominal	ICH7-M

### 2.9.12 Analogue VGA

Analog VGA	Pin Type	Pwr Rail / Tolerance	Description	MSC 945GM device
VGA_RED	O Analog		Red for monitor. Analog DAC output, designed to drive a 37.5-Ohm equivalent load.	945GM GMCH
VGA_GRN	O Analog		Green for monitor. Analog DAC output, designed to drive a 37.5-Ohm equivalent load.	945GM GMCH
VGA_BLU	O Analog		Blue for monitor. Analog DAC output, designed to drive a 37.5-Ohm equivalent load.	945GM GMCH
VGA_HSYNC	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	Horizontal sync output to VGA monitor	945GM GMCH
VGA_VSYNC	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	Vertical sync output to VGA monitor	945GM GMCH
VGA_I2C_CLK	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	DDC clock line (I2C port dedicated to identify VGA monitor capabilities)	945GM GMCH
VGA_I2C_DAT	I/O OD CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	DDC data line.	945GM GMCH

## 2.9.13 TV Out

TV Out	Pin Type	Pwr Rail / Tolerance	Description	MSC 945GM device
TV_DAC_A	O Analog		TVDAC Channel A Output supports the following Composite video: CVBS Component video: Chrominance (Pb) analog signal S-Video: not used	not supported
TV_DAC_B	O Analog		TVDAC Channel B Output supports the following: Composite video: not used Component video: Luminance (Y) analog signal S-Video: Luminance analog signal.	not supported
TV_DAC_C	O Analog		TVDAC Channel C Output supports the following: Composite video: not used Component: Chrominance (Pr) analog signal. S-Video: Chrominance analog signal.	not supported

## 2.9.14 SVDO

SDVO	Pin Type	Pwr Rail / Tolerance	Description	MSC 945GM device
SDVOB_RED+	O	AC coupled	Serial Digital Video B red output differential pair	945GM
SDVOB_RED-	PCIE	on module	Multiplexed with PEG_TX[0]+ and PEG_TX[0]- pair	GMCH
SDVOB_GRN+	O	AC coupled	Serial Digital Video B green output differential pair	945GM
SDVOB_GRN-	PCIE	on module	Multiplexed with PEG_TX[1]+ and PEG_TX[1]-	GMCH
SDVOB_BLU+	O	AC coupled	Serial Digital Video B blue output differential pair	945GM
SDVOB_BLU-	PCIE	on module	Multiplexed with PEG_TX[2]+ and PEG_TX[2]-	GMCH
SDVOB_CK+	O	AC coupled	Serial Digital Video B clock output differential pair.	945GM
SDVOB_CK-	PCIE	on module	Multiplexed with PEG_TX[3]+ and PEG_TX[3]-	GMCH
SDVOB_INT+	I	AC coupled	Serial Digital Video B interrupt input differential pair.	945GM
SDVOB_INT-	PCIE	off module	Multiplexed with PEG_RX[1]+ and PEG_RX[1]-	GMCH
SDVOC_RED+	O	AC coupled	Serial Digital Video C red output differential pair.	945GM
SDVOC_RED-	PCIE	on module	Multiplexed with PEG_TX[4]+ and PEG_TX[4]-	GMCH
SDVOC_GRN+	O	AC coupled	Serial Digital Video C green output differential pair.	945GM
SDVOC_GRN-	PCIE	on module	Multiplexed with PEG_TX[5]+ and PEG_TX[5]-	GMCH
SDVOC_BLU+	O	AC coupled	Serial Digital Video C blue output	945GM

SDVO	Pin Type	Pwr Rail / Tolerance	Description	MSC 945GM device
SDVOC_BLU-	PCIE	on module	differential pair. Multiplexed with PEG_TX[6]+ and PEG_TX[6]-	GMCH
SDVOC_CK+	O	AC coupled	Serial Digital Video C clock output differential pair.	945GM
SDVOC_CK-	PCIE	on module	Multiplexed with PEG_TX[7]+ and PEG_TX[7]-	GMCH
SDVOC_INT+	I	AC coupled	Serial Digital Video C interrupt input differential pair.	945GM
SDVOC_INT-	PCIE	off module	Multiplexed with PEG_RX[5]+ and PEG_RX[5]-	GMCH
SDVO_TVCLKIN + SDVO_TVCLKIN -	I PCIE	AC coupled off module	Serial Digital Video TVOUT synchronization clock input differential pair. Multiplexed with PEG_RX[0]+ and PEG_RX[0]-	not supported
SDVO_FLDSTAL L+ SDVO_FLDSTAL L-	I PCIE	AC coupled off module	Serial Digital Video Field Stall input differential pair. Multiplexed with PEG_RX[2]+ and PEG_RX[2]-	945GM GMCH
SDVO_I2C_CK	O CMOS	2.5V / 2.5V	SDVO I2C clock line - to set up SDVO peripherals.	945GM GMCH
SDVO_I2C_DAT	I/O OD CMOS	2.5V / 2.5V	SDVO I2C data line - to set up SDVO peripherals.	945GM GMCH

### 2.9.15 Miscellaneous

Miscellaneous	Pin Type	Pwr Rail / Tolerance	Description	MSC 945GM device
I2C_CK	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	General purpose I2C port clock output	ICH7-M/ GPIO2
I2C_DAT	I/O OD CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	General purpose I2C port data I/O line	ICH7-M/ GPIO1
SPKR	CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	Output for audio enunciator - the "speaker" in PC-AT systems	ICH7-M
BIOS_DISABLE#	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	Module BIOS disable input. Pull low to disable module BIOS.	Disables firmware hub
WDT	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	Output indicating that a watchdog time-out event has occurred.	PIC12C509
KBD_RST#	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	Input to module from (optional) external keyboard controller that can force a reset. Pulled high on the module. This is a legacy artifact of the PC-AT.	ICH7-M
KBD_A20GATE	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	Input to module from (optional) external keyboard controller that can be used to control the CPU A20 gate line. The A20GATE restricts the memory access to the bottom megabyte and is a legacy artifact of the PC- AT. Pulled high on the module.	ICH7-M

## 2.9.16 Power and System Management

Power and System Management	Pin Type	Pwr Rail / Tolerance	Description	MSC 945GM device
PWRBTN#	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V Suspend	Power button to bring system out of S5 (soft off), active on rising edge.	ICH7-M
SYS_RESET#	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V Suspend	Reset button input. Active low input. System is held in hardware reset while this input is low, and comes out of reset upon release.	ICH7-M
CB_RESET#	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V Suspend	Reset output from module to Carrier Board. Active low. Issued by module chipset and may result from a low SYS_RESET# input, a low PWR_OK input, a VCC_12V power input that falls below the minimum specification, a watchdog timeout, or may be initiated by the module software.	945GM ICH7-M FWH LAN TPM
PWR_OK	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	Power OK from main power supply. A high value indicates that the power is good.	LTC1727
SUS_STAT#	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V Suspend	Indicates imminent suspend operation; used to notify LPC devices.	ICH7-M
SUS_S3#	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V Suspend	Indicates system is in Suspend to RAM state. Active low output.	ICH7-M
SUS_S4#	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V Suspend	Indicates system is in Suspend to Disk state. Active low output.	ICH7-M
SUS_S5#	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V Suspend	Indicates system is in Soft Off state. Also known as "PS_ON" and can be used to control an ATX power supply.	ICH7-M
WAKE0#	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V Suspend	PCI Express wake up signal.	ICH7-M (82573)
WAKE1#	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V Suspend	General purpose wake up signal. May be used to implement wake-up on PS2 keyboard or mouse activity.	ICH7-M
BATLOW#	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V Suspend	Indicates that external battery is low.	ICH7-M
THRM#	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	Input from off-module temp sensor indicating an over-temp situation.	ICH7-M (GPI12)
THERMTRIP#	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	Active low output indicating that the CPU has entered thermal shutdown.	CPU 945GM ICH7-M
SMB_CK	I/O OD CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V Suspend Rail	System Management Bus bidirectional clock line. Power sourced through 5V standby rail and main power rails.	ICH7-M
SMB_DAT	I/O OD CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V Suspend Rail	System Management Bus bidirectional data line. Power sourced through 5V standby rail and main power rails.	ICH7-M
SMB_ALERT#	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V Suspend Rail	System Management Bus Alert – active low input can be used to generate an SMI# (System Management Interrupt) or to wake the system. Power sourced through 5V standby rail and main power rails.	ICH7-M

## 2.9.17 General Purpose I/O

General Purpose I/O	Pin Type	Pwr Rail / Tolerance	Description	MSC 945GM device
GPO[0:3]	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	General purpose output pins. Upon a hardware reset, these outputs are low.	ICH7-M GPIOs [33,34,38,39]
GPI[0:3]	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	General purpose input pins. Pulled high internally on the module.	ICH7-M GPIOs [21,19,36,37]

## 2.9.18 Module Type Definition

Module Type Definition	Pin Type	Pwr Rail / Tolerance	Description	MSC 945GM device																												
TYPE[0:2]#	PDS		<p>The TYPE pins indicate to the Carrier Board the Pin-out Type that is implemented on the module. The pins are tied on the module to either ground (GND) 27 rare no-connects (NC). For Pin-out Type 1, these pins are don't care (X).</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>TYPE2</th> <th>TYPE1</th> <th>TYPE0</th> <th></th> </tr> <tr> <th>#</th> <th>#</th> <th>#</th> <th></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>X</td> <td>X</td> <td>X</td> <td>Pin-out Type 1</td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>NC</b></td> <td><b>NC</b></td> <td><b>NC</b></td> <td><b>Pin-out Type 2</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td>NC</td> <td>NC</td> <td>GND</td> <td>Pin-out Type 3 (no DIE)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>NC</td> <td>GND</td> <td>NC</td> <td>Pin-out Type 4 (no PCI)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>NC</td> <td>GND</td> <td>GND</td> <td>Pin-out Type 5 (no DIE, no PCI)</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>The Carrier Board should implement combinatorial logic that monitors the module TYPE pins and keeps power off (e.g deactivates the ATX_ON signal for an ATX power supply) if an incompatible module pin- out type is detected. The Carrier Board logic may also implement a fault indicator such as an LED.</p>	TYPE2	TYPE1	TYPE0		#	#	#		X	X	X	Pin-out Type 1	<b>NC</b>	<b>NC</b>	<b>NC</b>	<b>Pin-out Type 2</b>	NC	NC	GND	Pin-out Type 3 (no DIE)	NC	GND	NC	Pin-out Type 4 (no PCI)	NC	GND	GND	Pin-out Type 5 (no DIE, no PCI)	MSC 945GM
TYPE2	TYPE1	TYPE0																														
#	#	#																														
X	X	X	Pin-out Type 1																													
<b>NC</b>	<b>NC</b>	<b>NC</b>	<b>Pin-out Type 2</b>																													
NC	NC	GND	Pin-out Type 3 (no DIE)																													
NC	GND	NC	Pin-out Type 4 (no PCI)																													
NC	GND	GND	Pin-out Type 5 (no DIE, no PCI)																													

## 2.9.19 Power and GND

Power and GND	Pin Type	Pwr Rail / Tolerance	Description	MSC 945GM device
VCC_12V	Power		Primary power input: +12V (+/- 5%)	Voltage regulators
VCC_5V_SBY	Power		Standby power input: +5.0V (+/- 5%) If VCC5_SBY is used, all available VCC_5V_SBY pins on the connector(s) shall be used. Only used for standby and suspend functions. May be left unconnected if these functions are not used in the system design.	VCC3.3V SUS regulator
VCC_RTC	Power		Real-time clock circuit-power input : +3.0V (+2.0V – 3.3V)	ICH7-M
GND	Power		Ground - DC power and signal and AC signal return path. All available GND connector pins shall be used and tied to Carrier Board GND plane.	

## 2.10 Pin List for MSC 945GM module (Type 2)

Row A		Row B		Row C		Row D	
A1	GND (FIXED)	B1	GND (FIXED)	C1	GND (FIXED)	D1	GND (FIXED)
A2	GBE0_MDI3-	B2	GBE0_ACT#	C2	IDE_D7	D2	IDE_D5
A3	GBE0_MDI3+	B3	LPC_FRAME#	C3	IDE_D6	D3	IDE_D10
A4	GBE0_LINK100#	B4	LPC_AD0	C4	IDE_D3	D4	IDE_D11
A5	GBE0_LINK1000#	B5	LPC_AD1	C5	IDE_D15	D5	IDE_D12
A6	GBE0_MDI2-	B6	LPC_AD2	C6	IDE_D8	D6	IDE_D4
A7	GBE0_MDI2+	B7	LPC_AD3	C7	IDE_D9	D7	IDE_D0
A8	GBE0_LINK#	B8	LPC_DRQ0#	C8	IDE_D2	D8	IDE_REQ
A9	GBE0_MDI1-	B9	LPC_DRQ1#	C9	IDE_D13	D9	IDE_IOW#
A10	GBE0_MDI1+	B10	LPC_CLK	C10	IDE_D1	D10	IDE_ACK#
A11	GND (FIXED)	B11	GND (FIXED)	C11	GND (FIXED)	D11	GND (FIXED)
A12	GBE0_MDI0-	B12	PWRBTN#	C12	IDE_D14	D12	IDE_IRQ
A13	GBE0_MDI0+	B13	SMB_CK	C13	IDE_IORDY	D13	IDE_A0
A14	GBE0_CTREF	B14	SMB_DAT	C14	IDE_IOR#	D14	IDE_A1
A15	SUS_S3#	B15	SMB_ALERT#	C15	PCI_PME#	D15	IDE_A2
A16	SATA0_TX+	B16	SATA1_TX+	C16	PCI_GNT2#	D16	IDE_CS1#
A17	SATA0_TX-	B17	SATA1_TX-	C17	PCI_REQ2#	D17	IDE_CS3#
A18	SUS_S4#	B18	SUS_STAT#	C18	PCI_GNT1#	D18	IDE_RESET#
A19	SATA0_RX+	B19	SATA1_RX+	C19	PCI_REQ1#	D19	PCI_GNT3#
A20	SATA0_RX-	B20	SATA1_RX-	C20	PCI_GNT0#	D20	PCI_REQ3#
A21	GND (FIXED)	B21	GND (FIXED)	C21	GND (FIXED)	D21	GND (FIXED)
A22	SATA2_TX+	B22	SATA3_TX+	C22	PCI_REQ0#	D22	PCI_AD1
A23	SATA2_TX-	B23	SATA3_TX-	C23	PCI_RESET#	D23	PCI_AD3
A24	SUS_S5#	B24	PWR_OK	C24	PCI_AD0	D24	PCI_AD5
A25	SATA2_RX+	B25	SATA3_RX+	C25	PCI_AD2	D25	PCI_AD7
A26	SATA2_RX-	B26	SATA3_RX-	C26	PCI_AD4	D26	PCI_C/BE0#
A27	BATLOW#	B27	WDT	C27	PCI_AD6	D27	PCI_AD9
A28	ATA_ACT#	B28	AC_SDIN2	C28	PCI_AD8	D28	PCI_AD11
A29	AC_SYNC	B29	AC_SDIN1	C29	PCI_AD10	D29	PCI_AD13
A30	AC_RST#	B30	AC_SDIN0	C30	PCI_AD12	D30	PCI_AD15
A31	GND (FIXED)	B31	GND (FIXED)	C31	GND (FIXED)	D31	GND (FIXED)
A32	AC_BITCLK	B32	SPKR	C32	PCI_AD14	D32	PCI_PAR
A33	AC_SDOUT	B33	I2C_CK	C33	PCI_C/BE1#	D33	PCI_SERR#
A34	BIOS_DISABLE#	B34	I2C_DAT	C34	PCI_PERR#	D34	PCI_STOP#
A35	THRMTRIP#	B35	THRM#	C35	PCI_LOCK#	D35	PCI_TRDY#
A36	USB6-	B36	USB7-	C36	PCI_DEVSEL#	D36	PCI_FRAME#
A37	USB6+	B37	USB7+	C37	PCI_IRDY#	D37	PCI_AD16
A38	USB_6_7_OC#	B38	USB_4_5_OC#	C38	PCI_C/BE2#	D38	PCI_AD18
A39	USB4-	B39	USB5-	C39	PCI_AD17	D39	PCI_AD20
A40	USB4+	B40	USB5+	C40	PCI_AD19	D40	PCI_AD22
A41	GND (FIXED)	B41	GND (FIXED)	C41	GND (FIXED)	D41	GND (FIXED)
A42	USB2-	B42	USB3-	C42	PCI_AD21	D42	PCI_AD24
A43	USB2+	B43	USB3+	C43	PCI_AD23	D43	PCI_AD26
A44	USB_2_3_OC#	B44	USB_0_1_OC#	C44	PCI_C/BE3#	D44	PCI_AD28
A45	USB0-	B45	USB1-	C45	PCI_AD25	D45	PCI_AD30
A46	USB0+	B46	USB1+	C46	PCI_AD27	D46	PCI_IRQC#
A47	VCC_RTC	B47	EXCD1_PERST#	C47	PCI_AD29	D47	PCI_IRQD#
A48	EXCD0_PERST#	B48	EXCD1_CPPE#	C48	PCI_AD31	D48	PCI_CLKRUN#
A49	EXCD0_CPPE#	B49	SYS_RESET#	C49	PCI_IRQA#	D49	PCI_M66EN
A50	LPC_SERIRQ	B50	CB_RESET#	C50	PCI_IRQB#	D50	PCI_CLK

= not supported on MSC 945GM module

Row A		Row B		Row C		Row D	
A51	GND (FIXED)	B51	GND (FIXED)	C51	GND (FIXED)	D51	GND (FIXED)
A52	PCIE_TX5+	B52	PCIE_RX5+	C52	PEG_RX0+	D52	PEG_TX0+
A53	PCIE_TX5-	B53	PCIE_RX5-	C53	PEG_RX0-	D53	PEG_TX0-
A54	GPI0	B54	GPO1	C54	TYPE0#	D54	PEG_LANE_RV#
A55	PCIE_TX4+	B55	PCIE_RX4+	C55	PEG_RX1+	D55	PEG_TX1+
A56	PCIE_TX4-	B56	PCIE_RX4-	C56	PEG_RX1-	D56	PEG_TX1-
A57	GND	B57	GPO2	C57	TYPE1#	D57	TYPE2#
A58	PCIE_TX3+	B58	PCIE_RX3+	C58	PEG_RX2+	D58	PEG_TX2+
A59	PCIE_TX3-	B59	PCIE_RX3-	C59	PEG_RX2-	D59	PEG_TX2-
A60	GND (FIXED)	B60	GND (FIXED)	C60	GND (FIXED)	D60	GND (FIXED)
A61	PCIE_TX2+	B61	PCIE_RX2+	C61	PEG_RX3+	D61	PEG_TX3+
A62	PCIE_TX2-	B62	PCIE_RX2-	C62	PEG_RX3-	D62	PEG_TX3-
A63	GPI1	B63	GPO3	C63	RSVD	D63	RSVD
A64	PCIE_TX1+	B64	PCIE_RX1+	C64	RSVD	D64	RSVD
A65	PCIE_TX1-	B65	PCIE_RX1-	C65	PEG_RX4+	D65	PEG_TX4+
A66	GND	B66	WAKE0#	C66	PEG_RX4-	D66	PEG_TX4-
A67	GPI2	B67	WAKE1#	C67	RSVD	D67	GND
A68	PCIE_TX0+	B68	PCIE_RX0+	C68	PEG_RX5+	D68	PEG_TX5+
A69	PCIE_TX0-	B69	PCIE_RX0-	C69	PEG_RX5-	D69	PEG_TX5-
A70	GND (FIXED)	B70	GND (FIXED)	C70	GND (FIXED)	D70	GND (FIXED)
A71	LVDS_A0+	B71	LVDS_B0+	C71	PEG_RX6+	D71	PEG_TX6+
A72	LVDS_A0-	B72	LVDS_B0-	C72	PEG_RX6-	D72	PEG_TX6-
A73	LVDS_A1+	B73	LVDS_B1+	C73	SDVO_DATA	D73	SDVO_CLK
A74	LVDS_A1-	B74	LVDS_B1-	C74	PEG_RX7+	D74	PEG_TX7+
A75	LVDS_A2+	B75	LVDS_B2+	C75	PEG_RX7-	D75	PEG_TX7-
A76	LVDS_A2-	B76	LVDS_B2-	C76	GND	D76	GND
A77	LVDS_VDD_EN	B77	LVDS_B3+	C77	RSVD	D77	IDE_CBLID#
A78	LVDS_A3+	B78	LVDS_B3-	C78	PEG_RX8+	D78	PEG_TX8+
A79	LVDS_A3-	B79	LVDS_BKLT_EN	C79	PEG_RX8-	D79	PEG_TX8-
A80	GND (FIXED)	B80	GND (FIXED)	C80	GND (FIXED)	D80	GND (FIXED)
A81	LVDS_A_CK+	B81	LVDS_B_CK+	C81	PEG_RX9+	D81	PEG_TX9+
A82	LVDS_A_CK-	B82	LVDS_B_CK-	C82	PEG_RX9-	D82	PEG_TX9-
A83	LVDS_I2C_CK	B83	LVDS_BKLT_CTRL	C83	RSVD	D83	RSVD
A84	LVDS_I2C_DAT	B84	VCC_5V_SBY	C84	GND	D84	GND
A85	GPI3	B85	VCC_5V_SBY	C85	PEG_RX10+	D85	PEG_TX10+
A86	KBD_RST#	B86	VCC_5V_SBY	C86	PEG_RX10-	D86	PEG_TX10-
A87	KBD_A20GATE	B87	VCC_5V_SBY	C87	GND	D87	GND
A88	PCIE0_CK_REF+	B88	RSVD	C88	PEG_RX11+	D88	PEG_TX11+
A89	PCIE0_CK_REF-	B89	VGA_RED	C89	PEG_RX11-	D89	PEG_TX11-
A90	GND (FIXED)	B90	GND (FIXED)	C90	GND (FIXED)	D90	GND (FIXED)
A91	RSVD	B91	VGA_GRN	C91	PEG_RX12+	D91	PEG_TX12+
A92	RSVD	B92	VGA_BLU	C92	PEG_RX12-	D92	PEG_TX12-
A93	GPO0	B93	VGA_HSYNC	C93	GND	D93	GND
A94	RSVD	B94	VGA_VSYNC	C94	PEG_RX13+	D94	PEG_TX13+
A95	RSVD	B95	VGA_I2C_CK	C95	PEG_RX13-	D95	PEG_TX13-
A96	GND	B96	VGA_I2C_DAT	C96	GND	D96	GND
A97	VCC_12V	B97	TV_DAC_A	C97	RSVD	D97	PEG_ENABLE#
A98	VCC_12V	B98	TV_DAC_B	C98	PEG_RX14+	D98	PEG_TX14+
A99	VCC_12V	B99	TV_DAC_C	C99	PEG_RX14-	D99	PEG_TX14-
A100	GND (FIXED)	B100	GND (FIXED)	C100	GND (FIXED)	D100	GND (FIXED)
A101	VCC_12V	B101	VCC_12V	C101	PEG_RX15+	D101	PEG_TX15+
A102	VCC_12V	B102	VCC_12V	C102	PEG_RX15-	D102	PEG_TX15-
A103	VCC_12V	B103	VCC_12V	C103	GND	D103	GND
A104	VCC_12V	B104	VCC_12V	C104	VCC_12V	D104	VCC_12V
A105	VCC_12V	B105	VCC_12V	C105	VCC_12V	D105	VCC_12V
A106	VCC_12V	B106	VCC_12V	C106	VCC_12V	D106	VCC_12V
A107	VCC_12V	B107	VCC_12V	C107	VCC_12V	D107	VCC_12V
A108	VCC_12V	B108	VCC_12V	C108	VCC_12V	D108	VCC_12V
A109	VCC_12V	B109	VCC_12V	C109	VCC_12V	D109	VCC_12V
A110	GND (FIXED)	B110	GND (FIXED)	C110	GND (FIXED)	D110	GND (FIXED)

= not supported on MSC 945GM module

### 3 Watchdog

The module has a watchdog function implemented using a PIC microcontroller with an SMBus interface. Via SETUP the watchdog can be enabled and configured.

If the watchdog is enabled a counter is started which creates a reset if it is not retriggered within a programmable time window.

The watchdog menu in the BIOS provides the following parameters:

Watchdog: Enabled / **Disabled** (default)

Initial Delay: 1s, 5s, 10s, **30s** (default), 1min, 5min, 10min, 30min

Timeout: 0,4s, 1s, 5s, 10s, **30s** (default), 1min, 5 min, 10min

Start on Boot: If yes, watchdog starts at the end of POST (power on selftest) before the OS is loaded

ICH7M Pin	Label	Description
GPIO6	WDEN	Watchdog Enable. 1 = watchdog counter counts
GPIO9	WDTRIG	Watchdog Trigger. If watchdog is enabled (WDEN=1), the signal level on this line has to be inverted within the timeout delay to trigger this chip (which means to avoid to get a reset)
GPIO7	WDSTS	Watchdog Status. 0 = no Timeout , Default after Power-Up or after setting of Bit0. 1 = Timeout event has occurred; a reset has been triggered. In this case, the watchdog counter will be stopped.

Please find programming information, register layout etc. in the datasheet of the ICH7-M.

The timeout and the delay time can be written into the watchdog controller via the SMB. The register layout is as follows:

Address	Data Byte	Default value	Read/Write	Bit	Remark
0	TimeOut low Byte	100d	W	Byte	
1	TimeOut high Byte	0	W	Byte	
2	Delay low Byte	100d	W	Byte	
3	Delay high Byte	0	W	Byte	

The SMB-Address of the watchdog controller is B0h/B1h. The data structure to access the byte registers is:

Device Address B0 - Register Address - Data Byte

Reading these registers is not supported. While writing into these registers, the watchdog timer has to be stopped.

For information about accessing the SMB please consult the Intel® ICH7-M datasheet.

## 4 System resources

### 4.1 PCI Devices CXE-945

Slot Number (or Onboard Device)	IDSEL # or DEV. #	Bus #	Interrupts of Controller (ICH-7M)							
			PIRQ 0 (INT A)	PIRQ 1 (INT B)	PIRQ 2 (INT C)	PIRQ 3 (INT D)	PIRQ 4 (INT E)	PIRQ 5 (INT F)	PIRQ 6 (INT G)	PIRQ 7 (INT H)
1	AD20 / Dev 04h	-	A	B	C	D				
2	AD21 / Dev 05h	-	D	A	B	C				
3	AD22 / Dev 06h	-	C	D	A	B				
4	AD23 / Dev 07h	-	B	C	D	A				
Internal Graphic Device	Dev 02h	0	A	--	-	--				
PCI Express Root Port	Dev 28 Fkt 0/1/2/3	0	A	B	C	D				
USB UHCI Host Controller	Dev 29 Fkt 0	0					A			
USB UHCI Host Controller	Dev 29 Fkt 1	0						B		
USB UHCI Host Controller	Dev 29 Fkt 2	0							C	
USB UHCI Host Controller	Dev 29 Fkt 3	0								D
USB EHCI Controller	Dev 29 Fkt 7	0								D
AC '97 Audio	Dev 30 Fkt 2	0							A	
SATA	Dev 31 Fkt 2	0						B		
PATA	Dev 31 Fkt 1	0						B		
SMBus	Dev 31 Fkt 3	0						B		
100MB Lan Controller	Dev 8 Fkt 0	-					A			
PCIe Slot 1	Dev 0 Fkt 0	-	A							
PCIe Slot 2	Dev 0 Fkt 0	-		A						
PCIe Slot 3	Dev 0 Fkt 0	-			A					
PCIe Slot 4 Or GB Lan Controller	Dev 0 Fkt 0	-				A				

## 4.2 Carrier Board PCI Resource Allocation

The external PCI resource allocation on the carrier board should be as follows:

Slot / Device Signal	Slot / Device 0	Slot / Device 1	Slot / Device 2	Slot / Device 3
<b>IDSEL</b>	PCI_AD[20]	PCI_AD[21]	PCI_AD[22]	PCI_AD[23]
<b>PCI Clock</b>	PCI_CLK replica	PCI_CLK replica	PCI_CLK replica	PCI_CLK replica
<b>INTA#</b>	PCI_IRQ[A]#	PCI_IRQ[B]#	PCI_IRQ[C]#	PCI_IRQ[D]#
<b>INTB# (if used)</b>	PCI_IRQ[B]#	PCI_IRQ[C]#	PCI_IRQ[D]#	PCI_IRQ[A]#
<b>INTC# (if used)</b>	PCI_IRQ[C]#	PCI_IRQ[D]#	PCI_IRQ[A]#	PCI_IRQ[B]#
<b>INTD# (if used)</b>	PCI_IRQ[D]#	PCI_IRQ[A]#	PCI_IRQ[B]#	PCI_IRQ[C]#
<b>REQ0# (if used)</b>	PCI_REQ[0]#	PCI_REQ[1]#	PCI_REQ[2]#	PCI_REQ[3]#
<b>REQ1# (if used)</b>	PCI_REQ[1]#	PCI_REQ[2]#	PCI_REQ[3]#	PCI_REQ[0]#
<b>REQ2# (if used)</b>	PCI_REQ[2]#	PCI_REQ[3]#	PCI_REQ[0]#	PCI_REQ[1]#
<b>REQ3# (if used)</b>	PCI_REQ[3]#	PCI_REQ[0]#	PCI_REQ[1]#	PCI_REQ[2]#
<b>GNT0# (if used)</b>	PCI_GNT[0]#	PCI_GNT[1]#	PCI_GNT[2]#	PCI_GNT[3]#
<b>GNT1# (if used)</b>	PCI_GNT[1]#	PCI_GNT[2]#	PCI_GNT[3]#	PCI_GNT[0]#
<b>GNT2# (if used)</b>	PCI_GNT[2]#	PCI_GNT[3]#	PCI_GNT[0]#	PCI_GNT[1]#
<b>GNT3# (if used)</b>	PCI_GNT[3]#	PCI_GNT[0]#	PCI_GNT[1]#	PCI_GNT[2]#

The signals PCI\_IRQx, PCI\_REQx or PCI\_GNTx are routed exclusively to the COM Express connector. They are not shared on the CPU board.

### 4.3 SMB Address Map

Device	A6	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1	A0	R/W	address *)
SMBus host (ICH7-M slave)	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	x	10h / 08h
GigaBit LAN									
Winbond W83L786R	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	x	5Ch / 2Eh
Watchdog (PIC12C509)	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	x	B0h / 58h
CY28411 Clock Synthesizer	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	x	D2h / 69h
CY25823 Clock Synthesizer	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	x	D4h / 6Ah
CMOS backup EEPROM	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	x	A8h / 54h
SPD EEPROM (SO-DIMM 1)	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	x	A0h / 50h
SPD EEPROM (SO-DIMM 2)	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	x	A2h / 52h

\*) 8 bit address (with R/W) / 7 bit address (without R/W)

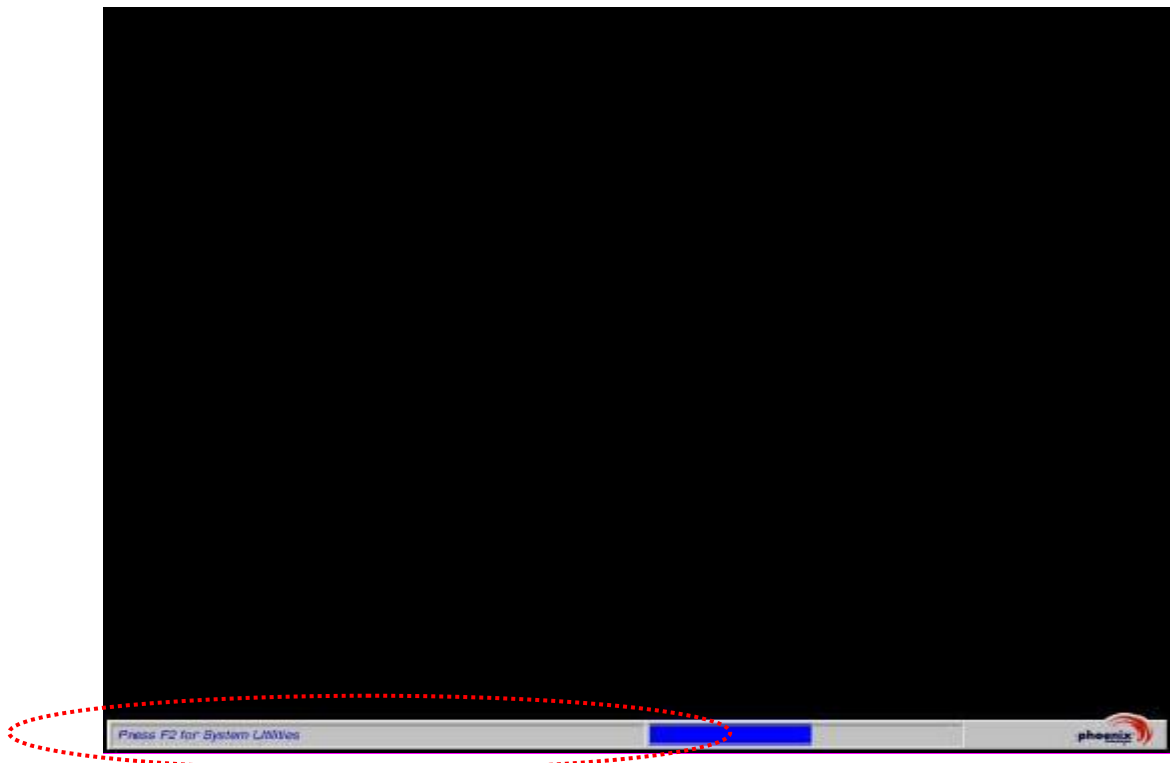
# 5 BIOS

## 5.1 Introduction

This guide describes the Phoenix TrustedCore Startup screen and contains information on how to access Phoenix TrustedCore setup to modify the settings which control Phoenix pre-OS (operating system) functions.

### 5.1.1 Startup Screen Overview

The Phoenix TrustedCore Startup screen is a graphical user interface (GUI) that is included in Phoenix TrustedCore products. The default bios behavior is to show an informational text screen during bios POST phase, but the graphical boot screen can be enabled in the bios setup. The standard boot screen is a black screen, including a progress bar at the bottom of the screen. This bar indicates the progress of the Startup Screen functions and provides user prompting and POST status. The following figure shows the various parts of a generic Startup Screen at 1024x768 resolution:



### 5.1.2 Activity Detection Background

While the TrustedCore Startup screen is displayed, press the Setup Entry key (F2 – TrustedCore default). The TrustedCore Startup Status Bar acknowledges the input, and at the end of POST, the screen clears and setup launches. An example of the Startup Status Bar displaying changing state is shown in the following figure. The “Please Wait...” text is displayed after the F2 key is pressed to acknowledge user input.

*Active status bar:*



## 5.2 TrustedCore Setup Utility

With the Phoenix TrustedCore Setup program, you can modify TrustedCore settings and control the special features of your computer. The Setup program uses a number of menus for making changes and turning the special features on or off. This chapter provides an overview of the Setup utility and describes at a high-level how to use it.

### 5.2.1 Configuring the System BIOS

To start the Phoenix TrustedCore Setup utility, press [F2] to launch Setup. The Setup main menu appears.

#### The BIOS Menu Structure

The BIOS Menu is structured in the following way:

<b>Main</b>	
	Board Information
	IDE Channel 0 Master
	IDE Channel 0 Slave
	SATA Port 0
	SATA Port 1
	Boot Options
	Keyboard Features
<b>Advanced</b>	
	Cache Memory
	CPU Control Sub-Menu
	MCH Control Sub-menu
	Video (Intel IGD) Control Sub-menu
	ICH Control Sub-menu
	PCI Express Control Sub-menu
	PCI Control Sub-menu
	ICH USB Control Sub-menu
	ACPI Control Sub-menu
	I/O Device Configuration
	Watchdog Options
<b>Security</b>	
<b>Power</b>	
	Hardware Monitor
<b>Boot</b>	
<b>Exit</b>	

## ***The Menu Bar***

The Menu Bar at the top of the window lists these selections:

<b>Menu Items</b>	<b>Description</b>
Main	Use this menu for basic system configuration.
Advanced	Use this menu to set the Advanced Features available on your system's chipset.
Security	Use this menu to set User and Supervisor Passwords and the Backup and Virus-Check reminders.
Power	Use this menu to configure Power-Management features.
Boot	Use this menu to set the boot order in which the BIOS attempts to boot to OS.
Exit	Exits the current menu.

Use the left and right arrow keys on your keyboard to make a menu selection.

## ***The Legend Bar***

Use the keys listed in the legend bar on the bottom of the screen to make your selections, or to exit the current menu. The following table describes the legend keys and their alternates:

<b>Key</b>	<b>Function</b>
F1 or Alt-H	General Help window.
Esc	Exit this menu.
Arrow keys	Select a different menu.
Up and down arrow keys	Move cursor up and down.
Tab or Shift-Tab	Move cursor left and right (i.e. at System Time / System Date).
Home or End	Move cursor to top or bottom of window.
PgUp or PgDn	Move cursor to next or previous page.
F5 or -	Select the previous value for the field.
F6 or + or Space	Select the next value for the field.
F9	Load the Default Configuration values (for all menus).
F10	Save and exit.
Enter	Execute command or select submenu.

### ***Select an item***

To select an item, use the arrow keys to move the cursor to the field you want. Then use the plus-and-minus value keys to select a value for that field. The Save Values commands in the Exit Menu save the values currently displayed in all the menus.

### ***Display a submenu***

To display a submenu, use the arrow keys to move the cursor to the sub menu you want. Then press Enter. A pointer marks all submenus.

## 5.2.2 The Main Menu

You can make the following selections on the Main Menu itself. Use the sub menus for other selections.

Feature	Options	Description
Board Information	Submenu	Displays BIOS Version
System Time	Enter Time (HH:MM:SS)	Set the System Time.
System Date	Enter Date (DD/MM/YYYY)	Set the System Date.
IDE Channel 0 Master	Submenu "Master & Slaves"	Configure IDE Channel 0 Master
IDE Channel 0 Slave	Submenu "Master & Slaves"	Configure IDE Channel 0 Slave
SATA Port 0	Submenu "Master & Slaves"	Configure SATA Port 0
SATA Port 1	Submenu "Master & Slaves"	Configure SATA Port 1
Boot Options	Submenu	Configure Boot Options

### 5.2.2.1 Board Information

Feature	Options	Description
Bios Version	Informative	Shows current bios version.
HW Platform	Informative	Name of the hardware platform
HW Revision	Informative	Hardware revision number
Serial #	Informative	Hardware Serial Number
Boot Counter	Informative	The number of times this board has booted up.
CPU String	Informative	CPU Identification string
CPU Speed	Informative	CPU Speed
CPU Class	Informative	CPU ID Class code
CPU Model	Informative	CPU ID Model code
CPU Stepping	Informative	CPU ID Stepping
CPU Cores	Informative	Number of CPU cores
Northbridge	Informative	Identification of the northbridge
Southbridge	Informative	Identification of the southbridge
System Memory	Informative	Amount of memory below 1MB
Extended Memory	Informative	Total amount of memory

### 5.2.2.2 Masters & Slaves

The **Master** and **Slave** settings on the Main Menu control these types of devices:

- **Hard-disk drives (IDE and SATA)**
- **Removable-disk drives**
- **CD-ROM drives**

There is one IDE connector on your motherboard, usually labeled "Primary IDE". There are usually two connectors on each ribbon cable attached to IDE connector. When you have connected two drives to this connector, the one on the end of the cable is the Master.

When you enter Setup, the Main Menu displays the results of **Autotyping** information each drive provides about its own size and other characteristics—and how they are arranged as Masters or Slaves on your machine.

**Note:** Do not attempt to change these settings unless you have an installed drive that does not autotype properly (such as an older hard-disk drive that does not support autotyping).

If you need to change your drive settings, select one of the Master or Slave drives on the Main Menu. This will display a menu like this:

**Note:** The capacity is displayed in 'real' Mbytes (1MB=1024\*1024 Bytes) Drives with a total capacity greater than 8Gbyte operate in LBA format only.

Feature	Options	Description
Type	None, Auto, User, IDE Removable, ATAPI Removable, Other ATAPI, CD-ROM	<b>None</b> = Autotyping is not able to supply the drive type or end user has selected None, disabling any drive that may be installed. <b>Auto</b> = Autotyping, the drive itself supplies the information. <b>User</b> = You supply the hard-disk drive information in the following fields. <b>IDE Removable</b> = Removable Disk Drive <b>ATAPI Removable</b> = Removable Disk Drive <b>Other ATAPI</b> = non-specific ATAPI Device <b>CD-ROM</b> = CD-ROM drive.
Cylinders	1 to 65536	Number of Cylinders
Heads	1 to 16	Number of read/write heads
Sectors	1 to 63	Number of sectors per track
Multi-Sector Transfers	Disabled, 2 sectors, 4 sectors, 8 sectors, 16 sectors	Any selection except <b>Disabled</b> determines the number of sectors transferred per block.
LBA Mode Control	Disabled, Enabled	Enabling LBA causes Logical Block Addressing to be used in place of Cylinders, Heads, & Sectors.

Feature	Options	Description
32 Bit I/O	Disabled, Enabled	Enables 32-bit communication between CPU and IDE card. Requires PCI or local bus.
Transfer Mode	Standard Fast PIO 1 Fast PIO 2 Fast PIO 3 Fast PIO 4 FPIO 3 / DMA 1 FPIO 4 / DMA 2	Selects the method for transferring the data between the hard disk and system memory. The Setup menu only lists those options supported by the drive and platform.
Ultra DMA Mode	Disabled Mode 0 Mode 1 Mode 2 Mode 3 Mode 4 Mode 5	Ultra DMA Mode supports 33/66/100 MB/sec transfer rate for fixed disk drives.
SMART Monitoring	Disabled, Enabled	Displays the status of SMART Monitoring if supported by the used drive.

**WARNING:** Incorrect settings can cause your system to malfunction.

### 5.2.2.3 Boot Options

Feature	Options	Description
Summary screen	Disabled, Enabled	<b>Enabled</b> displays system configuration on boot.
Boot-time Diagnostic Screen	Disabled, Enabled	<b>Enabled</b> displays the diagnostic screen during boot. <b>Disabled</b> displays the Boot Logo.
Post Errors	Disabled, Enabled	Pauses and displays Setup entry or resume boot prompt if error occurs on boot. If disabled, system always attempts to boot.
Extended Memory Testing	Normal, Just zero it, None	Determines which type of test will be performed on extended memory during POST (above 1 MB).

### 5.2.2.4 Keyboard Features

Feature	Options	Description
NumLock	On, Off	Selects Power-on state for NumLock
Key Click	Disabled, Enabled	Enables key Click

Feature	Options	Description
Keyboard auto-repeat rate	30/s, 26.7/s, 21.8/s, 18.5/s, 13.3/s, 10/s, 6/s, 2/s	Selects key repeat rate
Keyboard auto-repeat delay	1/4s, 1/2s, 3/4s, 1s	Selects delay before key repeat

### 5.2.3 The Advanced Menu

Feature	Options	Description
Installed O/S	Other, Win95, Win98, WinMe, Win2000, WinXP	Select the operating system installed on your system which you will use most commonly.  <b>NOTE:</b> An incorrect setting can cause some operating systems to display unexpected behavior.
Reset configuration Data	No, Yes	Select 'Yes' if you want to clear the Extended System Configuration Data (ESCD) area.
Large Disk Access Mode	Other, DOS	Select <b>Other</b> for UNIX, Novell NetWare. Select <b>DOS</b> for all other operating systems.
Small Disk Access Mode	No, Yes	Select if CHS translation should be made for a LBA-capable harddisk with less than 1024 cylinders, e.g. CompactFlash(R). If you have problems with booting from a CompactFlash(R), try to change this setting.  No = translate CHS only if HDD has >1024 cyls.  Yes = translate CHS for all LBA-capable disks.
Port 80 Cycles	LPC Bus, PCI Bus	Control where the Port 80h cycles are sent.
Local Bus IDE adapter	Disabled, Enabled	Enable the integrated local bus IDE adapter.
Cache Memory	Submenu	Configure Cache Memory
Yonah / Merom CPU Control Sub-Menu	Submenu	Configure Yonah / Merom CPU Control
MCH Control Sub-Menu	Submenu	Configure MCH Control
Video (Intel IGD) Control Sub-Menu	Submenu	Configure Video (Intel IGD) Control

Feature	Options	Description
ICH Control Sub-Menu	Submenu	Configure ICH Control
ACPI Control Sub-Menu	Submenu	Configure ACPI Control
I/O Device Configuration	Submenu	Configure I/O Device
Watchdog Options	Submenu	Configure Watchdog Options

### 5.2.3.1 Cache Memory Control Menu

Feature	Options	Description
Cache System BIOS area	Uncached, Write Protect	Enables caching of system BIOS area.
Cache Video BIOS area	Uncached, Write Protect	Enables caching of video BIOS area.
Cache D000 – D3FF Cache D400 – D7FF Cache D800 – DBFF	Disabled, Write Through, Write Protect, Write Back	<b>Disabled</b> = This block is not cached. <b>Write through</b> = Writes are cached and sent to main memory at once. <b>Write Protect</b> = Writes are ignored. <b>Write Back</b> = Writes are cached but not sent to main memory until necessary.

### 5.2.3.2 Yonah / Merom CPU Control Sub-Menu

**Note:** Depending on the CPU type you are using some options of the Control Sub-Menu can be hidden in consequence of different CPU type features that exist.

Feature	Options	Description
Core Multi Processing	Disabled, Enabled	Determines whether the 2 <sup>nd</sup> core is enabled.  Disabled = 2nd core is disabled Enabled = 2nd core is enabled

Feature	Options	Description
Processor Power Management	Disabled, GV3 only, C-States Only, Enabled	<p>Selects the Processor Power Management desired:</p> <p>Disabled = C-States and GV3 are disabled.</p> <p>GV3 Only = C-States are disabled.</p> <p>C-States Only = GV3 is disabled.</p> <p>Enabled = C-States und GV3 are enabled.</p> <p>Note: GV3 refers to the speed step capability of the CPU.</p> <p>Note: If GV3 is disabled, OS will not run with maximum frequency. To use maximum frequency, GV3 has to be enabled and OS must Control the CPU frequency via Power management.</p> <p>Note: For optimal response times the GV3 (Speed step) must be enabled and C-States disabled.</p>
Enhanced C-States Enable	Disabled, Enabled	<p>Enables Enhanced C-State support.</p> <p>Disabled = Enhanced C-States disabled.</p> <p>Enabled = Enhanced C-State enable.</p>
Timestamp Counter Updates	Disabled, Enabled	Control TSC updates after C3/C4 through this Setup Option.
Thermal Control Circuit	Disabled, TM1, TM2, TM1 and TM2	<p>Setting this bit enables the thermal control circuit (TCC) portion of the Thermal Monitor feature of the CPU.</p> <p>TM1 = 50% duty Cycle TM2 = Geyserville III</p>
PROCHOT# Enable	Disabled, Enabled	<p>Enables the processors's PROCHOT# signal.</p> <p>If asserted, the TMx circuit will be engaged.</p> <p>PROCHOT# is in addition to the TCC and Enhanced TCC circuitry inside the processor, and either may engage TMx.</p>

Feature	Options	Description
DTS Enable	Disabled, Enabled	Enabled the Yonah DTS to be used for platform Thermal Management.
No Execute Mode Mem Protection	Enabled, Disabled	
Intel (R) Virtualization Technology	Disabled, Enabled	
Set Max Ext CPUID = 3	Disabled, Enabled	Sets Max CPUID extended function value to 3.

### 5.2.3.3 MCH Control Sub-Menu

Feature	Options	Description
PCI Express Graphics Port	Disabled, Auto	Disabled = Port always disabled. Auto = Only enable if card found.
Port ASPM Support	Disabled, Auto	Control ASPM support for the PEG Device.  Auto = will set APMC to the highest common supported ASPM between the Port and Endpoint.
GPLL Power-Down Enable:	Disabled, Enabled	Controls the ability of the PEG port to power down the GPLL.  Disabled = The GPLL will always remain active.  Enabled = The GPLL may be powered down.
MDA Support	Disabled, Enabled	Control MDA support for the PEG Device.

### 5.2.3.4 Video (Intel IGD) Control Sub-Menu

Feature	Options	Description
Default Primary Video Adapter	IGD, PEG	Select 'IGD' to have Internal Graphics, if supported and enabled, be used for the boot display device.  Select 'PEG' to have PCI Express Graphics, if supported and enabled, be used for the boot display device.  To use PCI Video, select IGD.
IGD – Device 2	Disabled, Auto	Enables or Disable the Internal Graphics Device by setting item to the desired value.
IGD – Device 2, Function1	Disabled, Auto	Enables or Disable Function 1 of the Internal Graphics Device by setting item to the desired value.
IGD – Boot Type	VBIOS default, CRT, LFP, EFP, EFP2, CRT+LFP, CRT+EFP, CRT+EFP2	Select the Video Device that will be activated during POST.
IGD – LCD Panel Type	640x480 1 PPC, 18b 800x600 1 PPC, 18b 1024x768 1 PPC, 18b 1280x1024 2 PPC, 18b 1400x900 2 PPC, 24b 1400x1050 2 PPC, 24b 1600x1200 2 PPC, 24b 1280x1024 2 PPC, 24b 1024x768 1 PPC, 24b 10: Reserved 11: Reserved 12: Reserved 13: Reserved 14: Reserved 15: Reserved 16: Reserved	Select the LCD panel used by the Internal Graphics Device by selecting the appropriate setup item. The first item is Panel 1, the last item is Panel 16. Some Panels are not numbered due to size constraints.  <b>Note:</b> Due to size constrains not all Panels are exactly numbered. The first item is Panel 1, the last one Panel 16.
IGD – Panel Scaling	Auto, Force Scaling, Off	Selects the LCD panel scaling option used by the Internal Graphics Device. 1. Auto 2. Force Scaling 3. Off
IGD – Backlight Brightness	0%, 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, 90%, 100%	Select the starting brightness for the LVDS backlight signal.  <b>Note:</b> some backlight inverters use an inverted level for brightness control – please check the inverter spec. for the display panel

Feature	Options	Description
Spread Spectrum Clock Chip	Off, Hardware, Software	Control programming of the Spread Spectrum Clock Chip.  Hardware = Spread is Chip Controlled.  Software = Spread is BIOS Controlled with the following supported ranges: Down Spread: 0.8% - 3.0%. Center Spread: 0.3% - 1.5%.
DVMT 3.0 Mode	Fixed, DVMT, Combo	Select the configuration of DVMT 3.0 Graphics Memory that Driver will allocate for use by the Internal Graphics Device. 1. Fixed 2. DVMT 3. Combo
Pre-Allocated Memory Size	1 MB, 8 MB	Select the amount of Pre-Allocated Graphics Memory for use by the Internal Graphics Device.
Total graphics Memory	64MB, 128 MB, MaxDVMT	Select the amount of Total Graphics Memory  Pre-Allocated + Fixed + DVMT for use by the Internal for use by the Internal Graphics Device.
DVMT Graphics Memory	N/A	Displays the Memory size of the Video device.

### 5.2.3.5 ICH Control Sub Menu

Feature	Options	Description
PCI Express Control Submenu	Submenu.	Configure PCI Express Control
PCI Control Submenu	Submenu	Configure PCI Control
ICH USB Control Submenu	Submenu	Configure ICH USB Control
Azalia – Device 27, Function 0	Disabled, Auto	Control Detection of the Azalia Device.  Disabled = Azalia will be unconditionally disabled, regardless of presence.  Auto = Azalia will be enabled if present, disabled otherwise.

Feature	Options	Description
AC97A – Device 30, Function 2	Disabled, Auto	<p>Control Detection of the AC97 Audio Device.</p> <p>Disabled = AC97 Audio will be unconditionally disabled, regardless of presence.</p> <p>Auto = AC97 Audio will be enabled if present, disabled otherwise.</p>
AC97M – Device 30, Function 3	Disabled, Auto	<p>Control Detection of the AC97 Modem Device.</p> <p>Disabled = AC97 Modem will be unconditionally disabled, regardless of presence.</p> <p>Auto = AC97 Modem will be enabled if present, disabled otherwise.</p>
AC97 Modem PNE Enable	Disabled, Enabled	Control the ability to wake the System from an AC97 Modem Device
SATA – Device 31, Function 2	Compatible, Enhanced	<p>Compatible: SATA Drive = Primary on SATA Controller, in Legacy Mode. PATA Drive = Secondary on SATA Controller, in Legacy Mode</p> <p>Enhanced: SATA Drive = Primary on SATA Controller, in Native Mode. PATA Drive = Primary on PATA Controller, in Legacy Mode</p>
AHCI Configuration	Disabled, Enabled	Enhanced AHCI: WinXP-SP1+IAA driver supports AHCI mode.
Disable Vacant Ports	Disabled, Enabled	Controls automatic disabling if vacant SATA ports.
On-board LAN	Disabled, Enabled	<p>Setting item to “Disabled” will remove the LAN from PCI Config Space.</p> <p>Setting item to “Enabled” will allow the LAN to operate correctly.</p>
PXE OPROM	Disabled, Enabled	Enable PXE Option ROM.

Feature	Options	Description
Pop Up Mode Enable	Disabled, Enabled	Select the proper mode:  If disabled, bus master traffic is a break event and it will return from C3/C4 to C0 based on break events.  If enabled, ICH will observe a bus master request and it will take the system from a C3/C4 state to a C2 state and auto enable bus masters.
Pop Down Mode Enable	Disabled, Enabled	Should be enabled only if Pop up is enabled:  If disabled, ICH will NOT attempt to automatically return.  If enabled, ICH will observe a NO bus master request and it can return to a previous C3 or C4 state.
DMI Link ASPM Support	Enabled, Disabled	Control ASPM support for DMI link between GMCH and ICH.

#### 5.2.3.5.1 PCI Express Control Sub-Menu

Feature	Options	Description
PCI Express – Root Port 1-4	Disabled, Enabled, Auto	Control PCI Express Port via this setup option.  Disabled = Port always Disabled.  Auto = Only enable if card found.  Note that if Root Port 1 is disabled Root Ports 2-4 will be disabled as well.
Root Port ASPM Support	Disabled, Auto	Control ASPM support for all the enabled Root Ports.  Auto = will set APMC to the highest common supported ASPM between the Port and Endpoint.
ASPM Latency Checking	Disabled, Enabled	Disabled: ASPM latencies are ignored when enabling ASPM.  Enabled: Enables ASPM latency checking when enabling ASPM.  Note: Does not check below switches.

### 5.2.3.5.2 PCI Control Sub-Menu

Feature	Options	Description
PCI IRQ line 1	Disabled, Auto Select, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12	Select which Interrupt should be assigned to this PCI Irq.  Devices:IGD, PEG Port, PCI Slot 1, PCIe Port1, PCIe Port5
PCI IRQ line 2	Disabled, Auto Select, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12	Select which Interrupt should be assigned to this PCI Irq.  Devices: PCI Slot 2, PCIe Slot2, PCIe Port 6
PCI IRQ line 3	Disabled, Auto Select, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12	Select which Interrupt should be assigned to this PCI Irq.  Devices: PCI Slot 3, PCIe Port 3
PCI IRQ line 4	Disabled, Auto Select, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12	Select which Interrupt should be assigned to this PCI Irq.  Devices: PCI Slot 4, PCIe Port 4
PCI IRQ line 5	Disabled, Auto Select, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12	Select which Interrupt should be assigned to this PCI Irq.  Devices: UHCI Controller 1, Internal Lan Controller
PCI IRQ line 6	Disabled, Auto Select, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12	Select which Interrupt should be assigned to this PCI Irq.  Devices: UHCI Controller 2, PATA/SATA Controller, SMBus
PCI IRQ line 7	Disabled, Auto Select, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12	Select which Interrupt should be assigned to this PCI Irq.  Devices: UHCI Controller 3, HD Audio or AC97 Audio
PCI IRQ line 8	Disabled, Auto Select, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12	Select which Interrupt should be assigned to this PCI Irq.  Devices: UHCI Controller 4, EHCI Controller, AC97 Modem
PCI-Bridge SERR propagation	Disabled, Enabled	Select if the PCI bridge should forward the SERR signal from the secondary bus to the primary bus.

### 5.2.3.5.3 ICH USB Control Sub-Menu

Feature	Options	Description
USB 1.1 Controllers	Enable 1, Enable 2, Enable 3, Enable 4	Select the number of UHCI controllers that should be enabled.
USB 2.0 Controller	Enable, Disable	Control USB 2.0 functionality through this Setup Item.
Boot from USB Port 1	Enable, Disable	Set the boot capability for this usb port  When set to disabled, mass storage devices will not be able to boot from this port.
Boot from USB Port 2	Enable, Disable	Set the boot capability for this usb port  When set to disabled, mass storage devices will not be able to boot from this port.
Boot from USB Port 3	Enable, Disable	Set the boot capability for this usb port  When set to disabled, mass storage devices will not be able to boot from this port.
Boot from USB Port 4	Enable, Disable	Set the boot capability for this usb port  When set to disabled, mass storage devices will not be able to boot from this port.
Boot from USB Port 5	Enable, Disable	Set the boot capability for this usb port  When set to disabled, mass storage devices will not be able to boot from this port.
Boot from USB Port 6	Enable, Disable	Set the boot capability for this usb port  When set to disabled, mass storage devices will not be able to boot from this port.
Boot from USB Port 7	Enable, Disable	Set the boot capability for this usb port  When set to disabled, mass storage devices will not be able to boot from this port.
Boot from USB Port 8	Enable, Disable	Set the boot capability for this usb port  When set to disabled, mass storage devices will not be able to boot from this port.

### 5.2.3.6 ACPI Control Sub-Menu

Feature	Options	Description
Enable ACPI	No, Yes	En/Disable ACPI BIOS (Advanced Configuration and Power Interface)
Disable ACPI _Sx	None, S1, S2, S3	Select one of the ACPI power states: S1, S2, or S3. If selected, the corresponding power state will be disabled.
FACP – RTC S4 Flag Value	Disabled, Enabled	Valid only for ACPI Control the value for the RTC S4 flag in the FACP Table
FACP – PM Timer Flag Value	Disabled, Enabled	Valid only for ACPI Controls the timer used by the OS through the FACP Tables Flags.  This is now possible with WINXP SP2 and beyond.
HPET Support	Disabled, Enabled	This field is valid only in the WindowsXP OS.  Control the High Performance Event Timer through this setup option when enabled. The HPET Table will then be pointed to by the RSDT and the proper enable bits will be set.
HPET Base Address	0xFED00000, 0xFED01000, 0xFED02000, 0xFED03000	Select the Base Address for the High Performance Event Timer.
Passive Cooling Trip Point	Disabled, 15 C, 23 C, 31 C, 39 C, 47 C, 55 C, 63 C, 71 C, 79 C, 87 C, 95 C, 103 C, 111 C, 119 C	This value controls the temperature of the ACPI Passive Trip Point – the point in which the OS will begin throttling the CPU.  Note: If the DTS is enabled, only values below 97C are valid.
Passive TC1 Value, Passive TC2 Value,	0 - 15	This value sets the TC1-2 value for the ACPI Passive Cooling Formula.
Passive TSP Value	1 - 15	This item sets the TSP value for the ACPI Passive Cooling Formula. It represents in tenths of a second how often the OS will read the temperature when Passive Cooling is Enabled.

Feature	Options	Description
Critical Trip Point	POR, 15 C, 23 C, 31 C, 39 C, 47 C, 55 C, 63 C, 71 C, 79 C, 87 C, 95 C, 103 C, 111 C, 119 C, 127 C	This value controls the temperature of the ACPI Critical Trip Point – the point in which the OS will shut the system off.  Notes: (1)100C is POR for all Intel CPUs. (2) If value is > 100C and DTS is enabled, the Out-of-Spec Bit will be used.  (3) The EC value will be set to 127 after ACPI initiation.

### 5.2.3.7 I/O Device Configuration Menu

Feature	Options	Description
Serial Port A	Disabled, Enabled, Auto	<b>Disabled</b> = Disabled the device <b>Enabled</b> = User configuration <b>Auto</b> = BIOS or OS chooses configuration
Base I/O address	3F8, 2F8, 3E8, 2E8	Set the base I/O address for Serial Port A.
Interrupt	3, 4	Set the interrupt for Serial Port A.
Serial Port B	Disabled, Enabled, Auto	<b>Disabled</b> = Disabled the device <b>Enabled</b> = User configuration <b>Auto</b> = BIOS or OS chooses configuration
Mode	Normal, IR, ASK-IR	Set the mode for Serial Port B (wired / infrared).
Base I/O address	3F8, 2F8, 3E8, 2E8	Set the base I/O address for Serial Port B.
Interrupt	3, 4	Set the interrupt for Serial Port B.
Parallel Port	Disabled, Enabled, Auto	<b>Disabled</b> = Disabled the device <b>Enabled</b> = User configuration <b>Auto</b> = BIOS or OS chooses configuration
Mode	Output only, Bi-directional, ECP	Set the mode for Parallel Port.
Base I/O address	378, 278, 3BC	Set the base I/O address for Parallel Port.
Interrupt	5, 7	Set the interrupt for Parallel Port.
DMA channel	1, 3	Set the DMA channel for Parallel Port (only available if mode was set to ECP).

**Warning:** If you choose the same I/O address or Interrupt for more than one port, the menu displays an asterisk (\*) at the conflicting settings.

### 5.2.3.8 Watchdog Options

Feature	Options	Description
Watchdog delay	1 second, 5 seconds, 10 seconds, 30 seconds 1 minute , 5 minutes, 10 minutes, 30 minutes	After watchdog is activated, it waits selected delay time before it starts counting the timeout period.
Watchdog timeout	0.4 second, 1 second, 5 seconds, 10 seconds, 30 seconds, 1 minute , 5 minutes, 10 minutes	Select the maximum watchdog trigger period. If the watchdog will not be triggered during selected period, system reset will be generated.
Watchdog start on boot	No, Yes	Select if the watchdog should be started at the end of POST.

## 5.2.4 The Security Menu

Feature	Options	Description
Supervisor Password Is	Displays Supervisor Password Is	Displays the current status of the Supervisor password ("Clear" or "Set")
User Password Is	Displays User Password Is	Displays the current status of the User password ("Clear" or "Set")
Set Supervisor Password	Press return to enter supervisor password	Supervisor Password controls access to the setup utility.
Set User Password	Press return to enter user password	User Password controls access to the system at boot.
Password on boot	Disabled, Enabled	Enables password entry on boot
TPM Support	Disabled, Enabled	Enable Trusted Platform Module support.
Current TPM State	Displays Current TPM State	Displays the current TPM status.
Change TPM State	No Change, Enable & Activate, Deactivate & Disable, Clear	Changes TPM state.

## 5.2.5 The Power Menu

Feature	Options	Description
After Power Failure	Stay Off, Last State, Power On	Sets the mode of operation if an AC power loss occurs.  Power On will turn the power on as soon as the power supply is back on.  Last State will only turn the power on, if the system was active when the power loss occurred.  Stay Off will keep the power off until the power button is pressed.
CK-410 Clock Chip	Default, Program	Control Programming of the CK-410 Clock Chip.  Default = Power On Default Values.  Program = Fine tune the clock setup according to hardware capabilities.
Spread Spectrum Mode	Off, On	Control programming of the Spread Spectrum Mode bit in CK-410 chip.
Hardware Monitor	Submenu	Configure Hardware Monitor

### 5.2.5.1 Hardware Monitoring Menu

Feature	Description
CPU Vcore	Displays the current CPU voltage.
VRam (V+2.5)	Displays the current voltage.
Vcc (V+3.3)	Displays the current voltage.
VIN1 (V+1.5)	Displays the current voltage.
VIN2 (V+0.9)	Displays the current voltage.
Temperature Sensor 0	Displays the current CPU temperature.
Temperature Sensor 1	Displays the current memory temperature.
Temperature Sensor 3	Displays the current system temperature.
FAN 1 speed	Displays the current fan speed.

## 5.2.6 The Boot Menu

After you turn on your computer, it will attempt to load the operating system (such as DOS, Windows XP or Linux) from a device listed in the boot priority order. If it cannot find the operating system on that device, it will attempt to load it from the next device in that list.

Boot devices (i.e., with access to an operating system) can include: hard drives, floppy drives, CD ROMs, removable devices (e.g. USB sticks), and network cards.

**Note:** Specifying any device as a boot device on the Boot Menu requires the availability of an operating system on that device.

Selecting "Boot" from the Menu Bar displays the Boot menu, which looks like this:

Feature	Description
Boot priority order: 1: USB KEY: 2: USB FDC: 3: IDE 4: 4: IDE 5: 5: IDE 0: 6: IDE 2: 7: PCI LAN: 8:	Boot priority order for next boot. System tries to boot the first bootable device in this list.  Use <+> and <-> to change order.  Use <x> to exclude or include device to boot priority list.
Exclude from boot order:  : IDE 1: : IDE 3: : USB HDD: : USB CDROM: : USB ZIP: : USB LS120: : PCI SCSI:	System does not try to boot a device from this list.

Pressing the "F10" key during the bios boot phase will bring up the bios boot menu, which will allow you to select a different boot device for the current boot process only. In this boot menu, only devices in the "Boot priority list" will selectable. Devices excluded from boot order will not be shown.

## 5.2.7 The Exit Menu

The following sections describe each of the options on this menu. Note that <Esc> does not exit this menu. You must select one of the items from the menu or menu bar to exit.

### ***Exit Saving Changes***

After making your selections on the Setup menus, always select "Exit Saving Changes". This procedure stores the selections displayed in the menus in CMOS (short for "battery-backed CMOS RAM") a special section of memory that stays on after you turn your system off. The next time you boot your computer, the BIOS configures your system according to the Setup selections stored in CMOS.

If you attempt to exit without saving, the program asks if you want to save before exiting. During boot-up, PhoenixBIOS attempts to load the values saved in CMOS. If those values cause the system boot to fail, reboot and press <F2> to enter Setup. In Setup, you can get the Default Values (as described below) or try to change the selections that caused the boot to fail.

### ***Exit Discarding Changes***

Use this option to exit Setup without storing in CMOS any new selections you may have made. The selections previously in effect remain in effect.

### ***Load Setup Defaults***

To display the default values for all the Setup menus, select "Load Setup Defaults" from the Main Menu.

If, during boot-up, the BIOS program detects a problem in the integrity of values stored in CMOS, it displays these messages:

**System CMOS checksum bad - run SETUP Press <F1> to resume, <F2> to Setup**

The CMOS values have been corrupted or modified incorrectly, perhaps by an application program that changes data stored in CMOS.

Press <F1> to resume the boot or <F2> to run Setup with the ROM default values already loaded into the menus. You can make other changes before saving the values to CMOS.

### ***Discard Changes***

If, during a Setup Session, you change your mind about changes you have made and have not yet saved the values to CMOS, you can restore the values you previously saved to CMOS.

Selecting "Discard Changes" on the Exit menu updates all the selections with their previous values.

### ***Save Changes***

Selecting "Save Changes" saves all the selections without exiting Setup. You can return to the other menus if you want to review and change your selections.

### **5.3 Bios Update**

If a System-BIOS update is required please follow these instructions:

- 1.) Create a bootable DOS disk/usb-stick/hdd.
- 2.) Copy PHLASH16.EXE, BIOS.WPH and UPDATE.BAT to this device.
- 3.) Boot the system from this device.
- 4.) Type "update.bat" to update the System BIOS.
- 5.) When the BIOS update has finished, reboot the system.

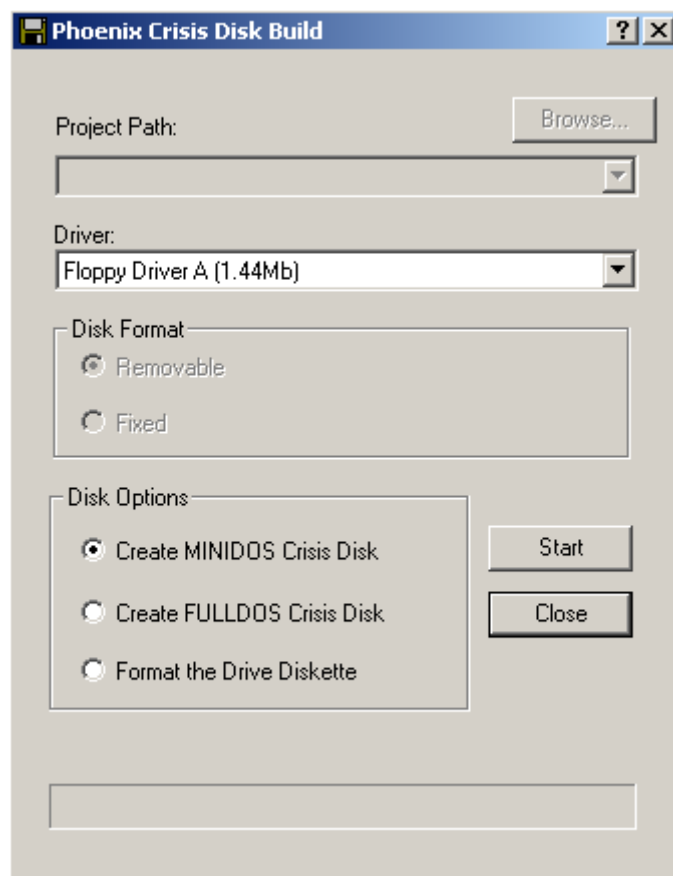
**Note:** After the system has been updated, the CMOS has been changed to defaults and therefore it is necessary to enter Setup (press F2 at boot time) to configure the system settings.

## 5.4 Bios Crisis Recovery

**Note:** Contact your sales for information how to get the CRISDISK.ZIP and an USB recovery dongle.

Please follow these simple steps to create a bootable crisis recovery medium:

1. Unzip CRISDISK.ZIP and start the windows-based program WINCRIS.EXE on the host system. A window will pop up as shown below:

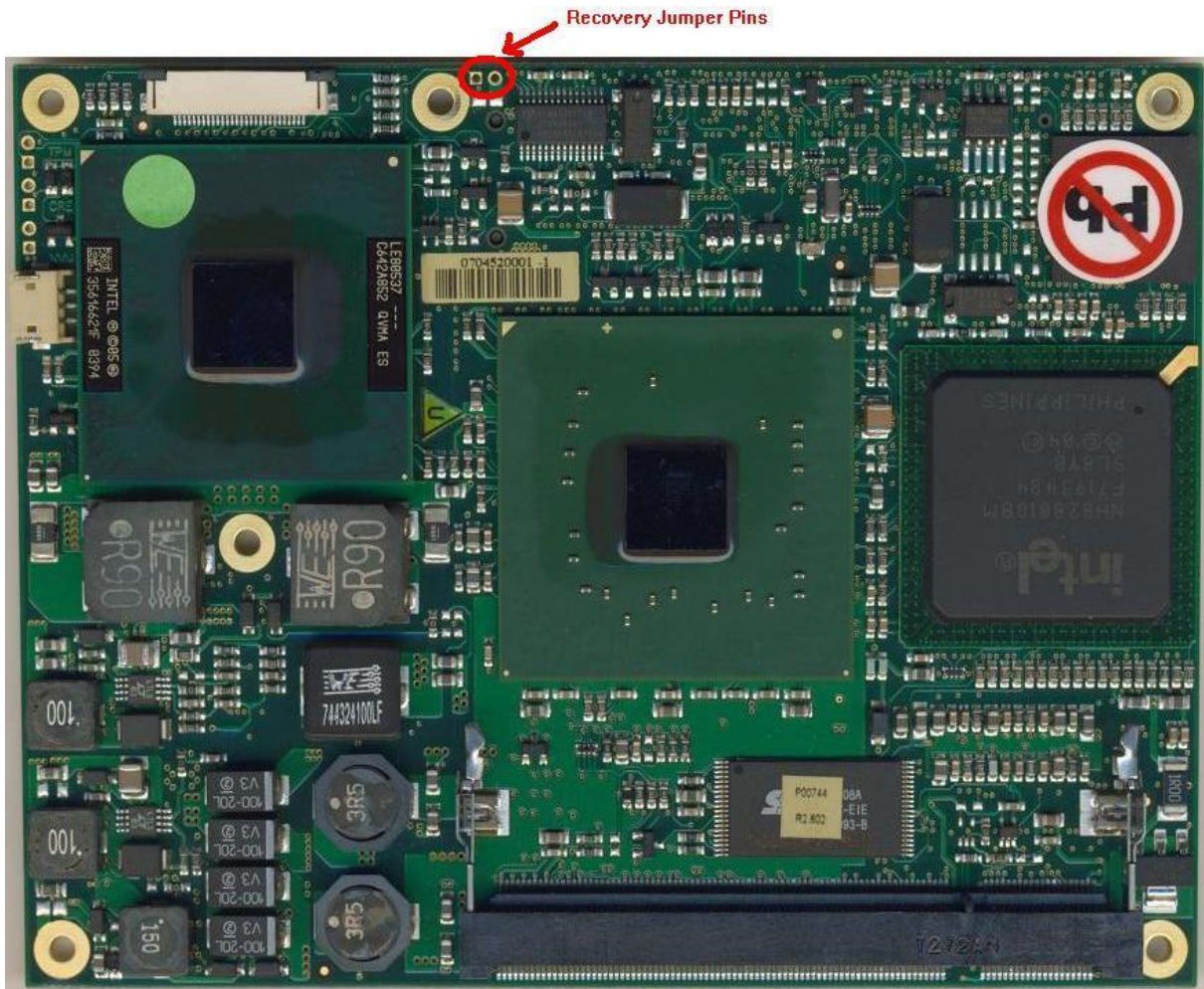


2. In the drop-down box, either select "Floppy Drive A" to create a recovery disk, or select "Removable Disk 0 (xxxMb)" to create a recovery usb stick. Disk options should be left at "Create MINIDOS Crisis Disk".
3. Press the start button to generate the selected crisis recovery medium.

There are two possibilities to force the target system into crisis recovery mode: either by USB crisis recovery dongle or by crisis recovery jumper.

1. With the dongle, you just have to plug it into a free USB port before switching the system on. Please make sure that you use different USB controllers for USB dongle and USB crisis recovery medium. After powerup, crisis recovery mode should automatically start.

2. The crisis recovery jumper is located between CPU and northbridge, near the edge of the board (see picture below). You have to shorten the two pins before applying power to the board. As soon as crisis recovery is started, you can remove the jumper.



The programming process is signalled by short beeps and terminated after successful programming with one long beep. After that, the system is automatically rebooted.

#### Important Notes:

- **USB recovery dongle and USB crisis recovery device must not be plugged to the same USB controller.**
- **Crisis recovery may take up to 5 minutes**
- **A long beep indicated successful recovery**
- **Crisis recovery does not include the bootblock.**

## 5.5 Diagnostics Postcodes

Postcodes can be seen on a special Postcode display, either on the MSC mainboard or on an external Postcode PCI card. There is an item in the bios setup to select the bus that should get the postcode data: either PCI (for external cards) or LPC (for onboard displays).

If a postcode display has only 2 digits, only the lower byte of word-value postcodes will be shown.

### 5.5.1 Bootblock Bios Postcodes

Code	Bootblock Task Description
BBH	Bootblock Early Init after Reset
80h	Chipset Init
81h	Bridge Init
82h	CPU Init
83h	System Timer Init
84h	System I/O Init
85h	Check forced Recovery Boot, CMOS & CMOS Backup Clear
86h	Check BIOS Checksum
87h	Goto BIOS, start early BIOS initializations
88h	Init Multi Processor
89h	Set Huge Segment
8Ah	OEM Initializations
8Bh	Init Interrupt and DMA Controller
8Ch	Init Memory Type
8Dh	Init Memory Size
8Eh	Shadow Boot Block
8Fh	Init SMM
90h	System Memory Test
91h	Init Interrupt Vectors
92h	Init Realtime Clock
93h	Init Standard Video
94h	Init Beeper
95h	Initialize USB Controller
95h	Init Boot
96h	Clear Huge Segment
97h	Boot OS
99h	Init Security

## 5.5.2 System Bios Postcodes

Code	Beeps	POST Task Description
04h		Get CPU type
03h		Disable Non-Maskable Interrupt (NMI)
06h		Initialize system hardware
07h		Disable shadow and execute code from the ROM.
08h		Initialize chipset with initial POST values
09h		Set IN POST flag
0Ah		Initialize CPU registers
0Bh		Enable CPU cache
0Ch		Initialize caches to initial POST values
0Eh		Initialize I/O component
0Fh		Initialize fixed disk drives
10h		Initialize Power Management
11h		Load alternate registers with initial POST values
12h		Restore CPU control word during warm boot
13h		Initialize PCI Bus Mastering devices
14h		Initialize keyboard controller
16h	1-2-2-3	BIOS ROM checksum
17h		Initialize cache before memory Autosize
18h		8254 timer initialization
1Ah		8237 DMA controller initialization
1Ch		Reset Programmable Interrupt Controller
20h	1-3-1-1	Test DRAM refresh
22h	1-3-1-3	Test 8742 Keyboard Controller
24h		Set ES segment register to 4 GB
28h		Autosize DRAM
29h		Initialize POST Memory Manager
2Ah		Clear 512 kB Base RAM
2Ch	1-3-4-1	RAM Address test
2Eh	1-3-4-3	Base RAM Test
2Fh		Enable cache before system BIOS shadow
32h		Compute CPU clock speed in MHz
33h		Initialize Phoenix Dispatch Manager
36h		Warm start shut down
38h		Shadow system BIOS ROM
3Ah		Autosize cache
3Ch		Advanced configuration of chipset registers
3Dh		Load alternate registers with CMOS values
41h		Initialize RomPilot
42h		Initialize interrupt vectors
45h		POST device initialization
46h	2-1-2-3	Check ROM copyright notice
47h		Initialize I20 support
48h		Check video configuration against CMOS
49h		Initialize PCI bus and devices
4Ah		Initialize all video adapters in system
4Bh		QuietBoot start (optional)
4Ch		Shadow video BIOS ROM
4Eh		Display BIOS copyright notice
4Fh		Initialize MultiBoot
50h		Display CPU type and speed
51h		Initialize EISA board
52h		Test keyboard

<b>Code</b>	<b>Beeps</b>	<b>POST Task Description</b>
54h		Set key click if enabled
55h		Configure USB devices
58h	2-2-3-1	Test for unexpected interrupts
59h		Initialize POST display service
5Ah		Display prompt "Press F2 to enter SETUP"
5Bh		Disable CPU cache
5Ch		Conventional memory test
60h		Extended memory test
62h		Address Test on Extended Memory
64h		Jump to UserPatch1
66h		Configure advanced cache registers
67h		CPU feature, MP, and APIC initialization
68h		Enable external and CPU caches
69h		Setup System Management Mode (SMM) area
6Ah		Display external L2 cache size
6Bh		Load custom defaults (optional)
6Ch		Display BIOS shadow status
70h		Display error messages
72h		Check for configuration errors
76h		Check for keyboard errors
7Ch		Set up hardware interrupt vectors
7Dh		Initialilze Intelligent System Monitoring
7Eh		Initialize coprocessor if present
80h		Disable onboard Super I/O ports and IRQs
81h		Late POST device initialisation
82h		Detect and install external RS232 ports
83h		Configure non-MCD IDE controllers
84h		Detect and install external parallel ports
85h		Initialize PC-compatible PnP ISA devices
86h		Re-initialize onboard I/O ports.
87h		Configure Motheboard Configurable Devices (optional)
88h		Initialize BIOS Data Area
89h		Enable Non-Maskable Interrupts (NMIs)
8Ah		Initialize Extended BIOS Data Area
8Bh		Test and initialize PS/2 mouse
8Ch		Initialize floppy controller
8Fh		Determine number of ATA drives (optional)
90h		Initialize hard-disk controllers
91h		Program timing registers according to PIO modes
92h		Jump to UserPatch2
93h		Build MPTABLE for multi-processor boards
95h		Install CD ROM for boot
96h		Clear huge ES segment register
97h		Fixup Multi Processor table
98h	1-2	Enable PCI devices and ROM Scan One long, two short beeps on checksum failure
99h		Check for SMART Drive
9Ah		Shadow option ROMs
9Ch		Set up Power Management
9Dh		Initialize security engine (optional)
9Eh		Enable hardware interrupts
9Fh		Determine number of ATA and SCSI drives
A0h		Set time of day
A2h		Check key lock
A4h		Initialize typematic rate

<b>Code</b>	<b>Beeps</b>	<b>POST Task Description</b>
A8h		Erase F2 prompt
AAh		Scan for F2 key stroke
ACh		Enter SETUP
A Eh		Clear Boot flag
B0h		Check for errors
B1h		Inform RomPilot about the end of POST.
B2h		POST done - prepare to boot operating system
B3h		store enhanced CMOS values in non-volatile area
B4h		1 One short beep before boot
B5h		Terminate QuietBoot (optional)
B6h		Check password (optional)
B7h		Initialize ACPI BIOS
B9h		Prepare Boot
BAh		Initialize DMI parameters
BCh		Clear parity checkers
BDh		Display MultiBoot menu
BEh		Clear screen (optional)
BFh		Check virus and backup reminders
C0h		Try to boot with INT 19
C1h		Initialize POST PEM Error Manager
C2h		Initialize PEM error logging
C3h		Initialize error PEM display function
C4h		Initialize PEM system error handler
C5h		PnPnd dual CMOS (optional)
C6h		Initialize note dock (optional)
C7h		Initialize note dock late
C8h		Force check (optional)
C9h		Extended checksum (optional)
CAh		Redirect Int 15h to enable remote keyboard
CBh		Redirect Int 13h to Memory Technologies
CCh		Redirect Int 10h to enable remote serial video
CDh		Remap I/O and memory for PCMCIA
CEh		Initialize digitizer and display message
D2h		Unknown interrupt or exception

### 5.5.3 Memory Detection Postcodes

<b>Code</b>	<b>Calistoga Memory Detection</b>
FFA0h	Start memory detection
FF01h	Enable MCHBAR
FF02h	Check for DRAM initialisation interrupt and reset fail
FF03h	Verify all DIMMs are DDR2 and unbuffered
FF04h	Detect an improper warm reset and handle
FF05h	Detect if ECC SO-DIMMs are present in the system
FF06h	Verify all DIMMs are single or double sided and not asymmetric
FF07h	Verify all DIMMs are x8 or x16 width
FF08h	Find a common CAS latency between the DIMMS and the MCH
FF09h	Determine the memory frequency and CAS latency to program
FF10h	Determine the smallest common TRAS for all DIMMs
FF11h	Determine the smallest common TRP for all DIMMs
FF12h	Determine the smallest common TRCD for all DIMMs
FF13h	Determine the smallest refresh period for all DIMMs
FF14h	Verify burst length of 8 is supported by all DIMMs
FF15h	Determine the smallest tWR supported by all DIMMs
FF16h	Determine DIMM size parameters
FF17h	Program Graphics frequency and PLL settings
FF18h	Program system memory frequency
FF19h	Determine and set the mode of operation for the memory channels
FF20h	Program clock crossing registers
FF21h	Disable Fast Dispatch
FF22h	Program the DRAM Row Attributes and DRAM Row Boundary registers
FF23h	Program the DRAM Bank Architecture register
FF24h	Program the DRAM Timing & and DRAM Control registers
FF25h	Program ODT
FF26h	Perform steps required before memory init
FF27h	Program the receive enable reference timing control register Program the DLL Timing Control Registers , RCOMP settings
FF28h	Enable DRAM Channel I/O Buffers
FF29h	Enable all clocks on populated rows
FF30h	Perform JEDEC memory initialization for all memory rows
FF31h	Program PM Settings
FF32h	Perform additional steps required after memory init
FF33h	Program DRAM throttling and throttling event registers
FF34h	Setup DRAM control register for normal operation and enable
FF35h	Setup DRAM control register for normal operation and enable
FF36h	Enable RCOMP
FF37h	Clear DRAM initialization bit in the ICH

### 5.5.4 ACPI Postcodes

<b>Code</b>	<b>ACPI Codes</b>
03h	Enter Suspend State S3
04h	Enter Hibernate State S4
05h	Enter Softoff State S5
ABh	Enter Wakeup from Powerstate
CDh	End Wakeup from Powerstate

